THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
X	X	X	X	X	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—November 21.

Sun Rises	6.42 A M
Sun Sets	4.49 P M
Day's Length	10 h 07-m
High Water at Southport	11.41 P M
High Water at Wilmington	1.27 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 21.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 52°; 8 p. m., 40°; maximum, 52°; minimum, 40°; mean 46°.

Rainfall for the day .01; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.22.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; westerly winds; slightly warmer in the interior Thursday evening.

For South Carolina, fair; slightly warmer during the day; westerly winds.

The barometer has fallen rapidly in New England and west of the Mississippi; it has risen from the lower lake region southward to the east gulf coast. The barometer is unusually low on the New England coast and a second depression is forming over Montana.

The temperature has fallen about 20 degrees from New York southward to Georgia. It is colder from the upper lake region southward to the gulf coast, and warmer to the west of the Mississippi. Rain and snow are reported from the Northern States and the Missouri valley.

The indications are that generally fair weather will prevail from the lake regions southward to the gulf coast with rising temperature in the central valleys and Southern States.

OUTLINES

Secretary Carlisle, it is understood, will confer with New York bankers as to replenishing the gold reserve if it falls below the point of confidence. —— The United States cruiser Minneapolis has been ordered to Smyrna, Asia Minor, to assist in protecting American missionaries and citizens of the United States. —— There is no clue to the whereabouts of Daniel H. Brenizer, the treasurer of the Citizens' Trust Company of Philadelphia, who disappeared after having embezzled $35,000. —— The delegation from New York to the Atlanta Exposition will be the largest that has visited the South. —— The double cordon of Spanish men-of-war around Cuba is reported to be in full working order and very efficient. —— Boats on the Erie canal will be run by electricity, which will be generated at Niagara Falls. —— It is reported that the Cuban insurgents defeated the Spanish troops in an engagement lasting seventeen hours. —— Two colored children were burned to death at Williamston, N. C. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@3, last loan at 1½ and closing offered at 1½ per cent.; cotton dull—middling gulf 8⅝c; middling 8⅜; Southern flour dull and easy—common to fair extra $3.10@3.80; good to choice $3.90@3.80; wheat—spot dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 67¾c; afloat 69c; corn—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 86¼c; afloat 87¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 28@28¼c; rosin dull and steady—strained common to good $1.70@1.75.

One hundred new cases of diphtheria were reported in Philadelphia last week and twenty-seven deaths.

Mr. John Jacob Astor only looked at Mr. Keely's motor. He admired the ingenuity of the machine but not enough to take any stock in it.

Dan Stuart says he has secured a patch of ground where Corbett and Fitz can meet without hindrance. But that is the very thing that Corbett and Fitz don't want. They would much rather maul each other at a distance with their jaws.

One of the prisoners in the penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo., is a skilled veterinary. His services are in such demand in the town that he is permitted to go out without guard to treat sick stock, but invariably returns. He has a good thing, is making money and gets his board and lodging free.

They have free ferry boats in China, stern-wheelers operated by a treadmill. The fellow who rides "free" has to do the treading that puts him across the stream. But while he rides "free" the thrifty queue toter doesn't mind working his passage.

"Mark Twain" is having a royal time in Australia and is raking in the the shekels, too. The indications are that he will make enough on his lecturing engagement in that country to wipe out his indebtedness and get on his feet again, and everybody who knows Mark will be glad of that.

Rabbi Levi does not understand how a politician who starts a poor man can make $1,000,000. There are a good many unsophisticated citizens in this country who are in the same predicament as Rabbi Levi. They cannot understand how a statesman, starting with nothing, could on a salary of $5,000, a year spend $12,000 or $15,000 a year to keep up style and get rich while doing it.

It is said that if Barney Barnato had not come to the rescue during the late slump of Kaffir stocks in London about forty well known firms would have gone to the wall and made a crash that would have brought a good many more down and probably have been felt on this side of the water, too. Paris got in it too, but the Rothschilds did for Paris what Barney did for London.

Rev. R. Toombs Dubois, who is a grandson of Robert Toombs and pastor of a church in Jacksonville, Fla., has been preaching against gambling for some time and last Sunday varied the usual pulpit proceedings by taking down a keno outfit and explaining the game to his congregation. Many of the male members of his flock were convinced that he knew all about it and learned it for less than it cost them.

James Stevens Chaffe, arrested in Boston a few days ago, did a pretty extensive larceny business. On searching his premises stolen property to the value of $170,000 was found, much of it in stock and bonds which were identified by the persons from whom they were stolen. He had been doing business for about six years.

Messrs. Furman & Messler, publishers of the Asheville *News and Hotel Reporter*, announce that they will about December 1st begin the publication of an eight page monthly journal devoted exclusely to the Knights of Pythias of this State. It will be named The Tar Heel Knight.

According to the London *Economist* the value of the gold mining shares in South Africa, over which the Britishers were going wild, fell $390,000,000 since September, and of course some lambs were fleeced, if not skinned.

In the production of mica North Carolina leads all the other States not only in quantity but in quality. Her output is 100,000 pounds annually against 25,000 for New Hampshire, 18,000 for South Dakota and 1,000 for New Mexico.

The report that there was a banana trust in New York is denied. The banana is too slippery a thing to do a trust business on.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A D BROWN—Dress goods.

ALDERMAN HARDWARE CO-Bargains.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL MCKINNON—Pigs' feet.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Ex-Judge Russell has returned from Raleigh, N. C.,

— Mr. W. W. Martin, Jr., Baltimore, Md., is at the Purcell.

— Mr. R. P. Hinson, of Nashville, N. C., was at the Purcell yesterday.

— Rev. Will B. Oliver, pastor of the First Baptist church, has returned from Mount Airy.

— Mr. Alex Sessoms, of Hope Mills, N. C., was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Judge Meares is in Charlotte, presiding in the Criminal Court for Mecklenburg county.

— Mrs. Franc H. Jones and son, of Charlotte, are in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Smith.

— Messrs. W. O. Taylor and J. P. Taylor, of Kinston, N. C., made a business trip to the city yesterday and were domiciled at the Purcell.

Foot Ball Kickers.

A number of young ladies were out at Hilton Park Tuesday night, witnessing the regular practice of the "rope-haired boys." Captain *pro tem.* Sinclair is much pleased with the progress the boys are making, and says Wilmington will put a strong team on the "gridiron" to combat the North Carolina University boys. While "our boys" are making no boasts, they are going to play scientific ball from start to finish. There will certainly be an exhibition game Friday.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 52. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,911

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair and colder Thursday; fresh to high northwest winds.

— The steamer *Geo. W. Clyde* is expected to arrive this morning from New York.

— The Street Car Company has begun work on the extension of its line from Castle and Sixth streets to Princess.

— A burning flue in St. John's church, Third street, caused an alarm of fire yesterday about 10 a. m. No damage was done.

Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son cleared the British steamer *Estray* yesterday for Bremen, Germany, with cargo of 9,528 bales cotton, valued at $412,000.

— The schooner *Navarino* cleared yesterday for Ponce, P. R., with 299,875 feet lumber, valued at $3,815. Vessel by Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., cargo by E Kidder's Son.

— The new steamboat *E. A. Hawes*, for service on Black river, arrived here yesterday in tow of the steamboat *D. Murchison* from Fayetteville, where her boiler was put in. She will be put in order here and will be ready about the first of December.

Strauss-Motter.

A pretty unpretentious wedding took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church. The contracting parties were Miss Margaret Roberta Strauss, daughter of Mr. Wm. H. Strauss, and Mr. Geo. F. Motter, Jr., of York, Pa. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, assisted by Rev. K. Boldt of St. Paul's. A large number of the friends of the family were present to witness the ceremony. The church was beautifully decorated by Mr. Wm. Rehder. The bride was given away by her father. Miss Mattie W. Strauss, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. Harry Link of York, Pa., was best man. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Motter, Sr., parents of the groom, and Miss Nellie Motter, his sister, Miss Lauk, Mr. Beausser, all of York, Pa., and Mr. J. L. Barringer and two sons, of Florence, S. C. The happy couple held a reception at Mr. Strauss' residence after the marriage, and received a number of very handsome presents. They left at 3.20 o'clock over the S. A. L. for Atlanta, Ga., accompanied by the bride's sister, Miss Mattie Strauss. The ushers were Messrs. C. W. Hines, Alex. P. Adrian, Charles Westbrook and Wm. Rehder.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—476 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 16 bbls rosin, 99 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—503 bales cotton, 51 casks spirits turpentine, 208 bbls rosin, 98 bbls tar, 21 casks crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—7 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls rosin, 80 bbls tar, 41 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—83 bales cotton, 35 casks spirits turpentine, 84 bbls rosin, 154 bbls tar,

Steamer D Murchison—157 bales cotton, 16 casks spirits turpentine, 149 bbls rosin, 125 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1277 bales; spirits turpentine, 135 casks; rosin, 527 bbls; tar, 506 bbls; crude turpentine, 78 bbls.

Watson-Strauss.

Miss Julia Watson, daughter of Mr. T. A. Watson, and Mr. Willie A. Strauss, of Warsaw, were married yesterday afternoon by Rev. J. B. Harrell, at the residence of the father of the bride in Cape Fear township. After a reception attended by many friends of the family, the young couple left for their home at Warsaw on the 7 p. m. train.

Miss Tyson's Meetings.

Miss Tyson is having very large crowds at her meetings for boys and girls in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. She will be here only a few days longer. The meetings will be held to-day, to-morrow and Saturday at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, so that those who could not attend at night may hear Miss Tyson. All are cordially invited. Young and old are being instructed and helped.

"Shooting on Field and Marsh."

The Atlantic Coast Line has issued a pamphlet entitled "Shooting on Field and Marsh," which is descriptive of hunting territory along this line in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and also gives game law in these States. Copies can be had by applying to Mr. T. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line at Wilmington, N. C.

Union Sunday School Mass Meeting.

Next Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, in the First Baptist church, Prof. H. M. Hamill, of Illinois, will hold a mass meeting for the congregations of different churches and Sunday schools in the city. Prof. Hamill will doubtless have something to say that will be interesting and helpful to all who are interested in Sunday school work.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 1,977 bales; same day last year 2,372.

Spot cotton quiet in Wilmington at 8 cents for middling; quiet in Charleston and Savannah at 7⅞c.

Port receipts yesterday were 36,832 bales, against 48,769 the same day last year.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Of the Wilmington & Weldon and Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad Companies—Reports Received—Officers Elected—Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of the Late W. T. Walters Adopted.

The stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company held their sixtieth annual meeting yesterday at the office of the Atlantic Coast Line in this city. Mr. M. Jenkins was called to the chair and Mr. Jas. F. Post, Jr., was secretary.

Mr. Hugh McRae and Mr. Post were appointed a committee to examine credentials and report the stock represented at the meeting. They reported as represented in person and by proxy 20,273 shares out of a total of 30,000. Report received and adopted and the chairman thereupon announced the meeting as open for business.

The secretary read the minutes of the fifty-ninth annual meeting, held last November, and they were approved.

On motion of Mr. B. F. Newcomer, the reports of Mr. Warren G. Elliott, the president of the road, of Mr. H. Walters, vice president, and of Mr. J. R. Kenly, general manager, were read and accepted as the reports of the president and the board of directors.

General Manager's Kenly's report of the operations of the road and branches for the year ending June 30th, 1895, shows gross receipts $1,695,076.43; net receipts $653,523.59. Taxes amounted to $43,959.31. For passenger and freight equipment $27,000 was expended. A handsome brick passenger station was erected at Fayetteville at a cost of $5,960.25. The iron bridge over Neuse river near Goldsboro, was erected at a cost of $16,968.80. Frame buildings were erected at Lucame, Tillery, Williamston, Warsaw, Weldon, Hobgood, at a total cost of $5,469.10. A frame warehouse at Rocky Mount was built to accommodate large and increasing tobacco shipments and cost $1,908 59.

The reports of the vice president and general manager of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. were also read and ratified.

The reading of the reports of the general auditor and treasurer was dispensed with, as they were presented in printed form to the members.

After the routine business was transacted, resolutions were adopted concerning change in the corporate seal of the Company and approving trackage contracts made between the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company, Norfolk & Carolina R. R. Company and Southern Railway Company, covering the terminal of the Southern Railway Company at Norfolk.

Mr. Warren G. Elliott was unanimously re-elected president for the ensuing year and Messrs. B. F. Newcomer, H. Walters, Michael Jenkins, J. P. McCay, H. B. Plant, A. J. DeRosset, W. H. Willard, Geo. Howard, E. B. Borden and J. W. Norwood were chosen a board of directors.

It was ordered that the next annual meeting of the stockholders of the company be held in this city on the Wednesday after the third Monday in November, 1896.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Mr. W. T. Walters were presented by Hon. George Davis and adopted by a rising vote, on motion of Dr. A. J. DeRosset as follows:

Since our last annual meeting William T. Walters has died. For many years his history, and, indeed it may be said, his daily life, have been so intimately blended with those of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company that we can hardly think of them as separate. It is eminently fit, therefore, that in this meeting, which is both a corporate and social function, we should testify our sense of the eminent value of his life and the deplorable nature of his loss. The fortunate soldier who makes a wilderness and calls its peace will ever be the world's favorite hero, and the theme ofits glowing praise; but of those, who are to live when the soldier has passed by, surely he who devotes his whole life with a broad charity and an untiring energy to building up the waste places, which the soldier has made ought not to be without the grateful remembrance of those whom his labors have benefitted. Such in a great measure, is the lite history of William T. Walters. And that mind must be incapable of sound discrimination which withholds its commendation because in benefitting others he also benefitted himself. Those of us who remember the country between Charleston and Richmond, when it was first awakened by his touch, and who look upon it now will need no aid to invoke our greateful remembrance.

His whole life was lived under the law of rugged toil and anxious care, and he might well have been content with the triumph of a brilliant and successful business career; but he was intensely æsthetic, instinct with artistic taste, beauty and knowledge, and he knew how to draw them into his daily life for his comfort and delight. Trivial amusements and fashionable fads he despised. Whatever extravagances he had lay in the domain of art, and when enough had been done for utility he made his money blossom like a rose.

His keen sagacity to discern where great possibilities lay dormant and the courage to grasp and fix them, the ability to command great resources and to weld and organize them, never losing sight of details, until the whole were moulded into one consistent plan, and then the energy and resolution which moved on as resistless as fate, until the work was done; these lifted him up to the level of those merchant princes of old, who sat at the board of Kings and propped the revenues of empires. His was no gilded youth dallying with opportunities and catching them only when they fell into his hands. He made his opportunities and utilized them for himself; and that after all was the great lesson of his life.

His consolation was that his life-work went not down into dust with him, but fell into the hands of one reared in his own methods and in the light of his own example.

The stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company in meeting assembled do resolve:

1st. That in the death of William T. Walters this company has to deplore the loss of an able, enlightened and judicious friend and administrator; wise and farseeing in counsel, liberal in action and ready to stand by it with all his resources in every emergency.

2d. That in his efforts to improve the Coast Line system he was never satisfied to let well enough alone, but was always reaching out for better things. Ever mindful of the interests of every stockholder, even the smallest, he brought all the great resources of his intelligence, experience and information to the service of that system until it has become a just subject of pride and admiration to us all.

3d. That as a mark of respect to his memory, the secretary is instructed to spread these resolutions upon the minutes of the meeting and to send a copy to his family.

The thanks of the meeting were tendered the chairman for the satisfactory manner in which he had discharged the duties devolving upon him.

At a meeting of the newly elected Directors, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Vice-President—Henry Walters.

Secretary and Treasurer—Jas. F. Post.

General Manager—J. R. Kenly.

General Superintendent—J. T. Devine.

Traffic Manager—T. M. Emerson.

Gen'l Auditor—W. A. Riach.

The regular routine business was then passed upon and the meeting adjourned.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of stockholders of this road resulted in the election of the following officers:

President—Warren G. Elliott.

Vice President—H. Walters.

Secretary and Treasurer—Jas. F. Post, Jr.

General Manager—J. R. Kenly.

The following gentlemen were chosen a Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

B. F. Newcomer; H. Walters, H. B Plant, M. Jenkins, Enoch Pratt, Thos. Wilson, C. S. Gadsden, H. B. Short, J. T. Barron, W. G. Elliott.

AT ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

Marriage of Miss May Collier to Dr. Thos. Atkinson Councill.

Yesterday afternoon at 5.30 o'clock, at St. James' Church, Dr. Thomas Atkinson Councill, of Easton, Md., was married to Miss May Collier, daughter of Mr. Samuel P. Collier, Rev. Dr. Robert Strange officiating. The church was handsomely decorated, in a manner displaying the best of taste. An abundance of chrysanthemums, set off by evergreens and bamboo, made a splendid effect

When the time arrived for the wedding the church was packed with friends, relatives and invited guests of the bridal couple, and promptly at 5.30 o'clock the bride entered the church, leaning on the arm of her father, Mr. Samuel P. Collier, preceded by the maids of honor, Miss Athalia Rankin, of this city, and Miss Bessie Henderson, of Statesville, and the bridesmaids, and were met at the altar by the groom, Dr. Thomas Atkinson Councill, accompanied by his best man, Mr. R. Beverly Mason, and Mr. Jas. K. Collier. Mr. E. P. Boatwright presided at the organ, and rendered the "Wedding March" in his usual elegant style. The bridal party left the church in the following order: Miss Athalia Rankin with Mr. R. Beverly Mason, Miss Bessie Henderson with Mr. Jas. K. Collier, Miss Mena Brem of Charlotte with Mr. K. Calder, Miss Mary Polk Davis with Mr. Sam'l P. Collier, Jr., Miss Cary Davis with Mr. S. W. Merrill, Miss Alice Boatwright with Mr. Douglas McMillan, Miss Kate DeRosset with Mr. E. P. Willard, Miss Cammie Lord with Mr. W. W. Merrill, Miss Bessie Davis with Mr. Swift Boatwright, Miss Mary Calder with Mr. W. A. Dick, Miss Eliza Munds with Mr. R. A. Parsley, Miss Mary Fairfax Davis with Mr. Clayton Giles, Jr. Miss Edith Whiting with Mr. Chas. G. Elliott, Miss Dena Angel with Mr. Price Jones Thomas, and entered carriages and were driven to the residence of the bride's father, corner of Front and Mulberry sreets., where congratulations were extended by friends and numerous telegrams wishing them a happy and long life were read. A large number of very handsome presents were received, and at 7 o'clock the happy couple left via the A. C. L. for their future home at Easton, Md. Among the visitors who attended the marriage were Dr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Kirby, of Raleigh; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Slocumb, of Goldsboro; Miss Blanche Henderson, of Norfolk; Miss Mena Brem, of Charlotte; Miss Bessie Henderson, of Statesville, and Miss Louise Knight, of Baltimore.

Mayor Fishblate at Atlanta.

The Atlanta *Constitution*, mentioning the arrival in that city of the visitors to the Exposition from Wilmington, says of Mayor Fishblate:

"The mayor is a familiar figure in Atlanta, having often visited the city and won popularity here. He is a Democrat and exceedingly popular in Wilmington, having served sixteen years as alderman and four terms as mayor. His administration has been progressive and he has done a great deal to advance the prosperity of North Carolina's chief city. He is now spoken of as the most available candidate for Congress in his district, including the important cities of Wilmington and Charlotte.

Dr. D. A. Carmichael.

Dr. D. A. Carmichael, of the U. S. Marine Hospital Service, for several years in charge of the hospital in this city, is now in charge of the hospital at Vineyard Haven, Mass. His many friends in Wilmington will be glad to learn of the high appreciation in which Dr. Carmichael's services are held by the government, the station at Vineyard Haven being one of the most important in the service.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on bird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

DECISION IN THE STANFORD-ELLINGTON CASE NOT UNEXPECTED.

Populists nor Republicans Had Any Idea That Stanford Would Win—Judge Schenck and the N. C. Railroad Lease—Vitrified Brick Pavement—Federal Court—Union Service—Thanksgiving Day—Important Cases in the Supreme Court.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, November 20.

The decision in the Stanford-Ellington case was expected. Neither Populists nor Republicans had any idea of Stanford winning. He was poorly qualified for the position.

It is pretty well known that Judge Schenck wrote the article for the *Caucasian* in regard to the lease of the North Carolina Railroad.

Yesterday the steam street roller passed over the vitrified brick pavement, and at one place, the brick gave way. This was occasioned by improper foundation. It was the city's fault, for the authorities were to make a proper foundation.

A rumor was on the street to-day that a three dollar rate to Atlanta would go into effect soon. This is hardly true.

The Federal Court opens here Monday week. The last term was the heaviest ever docketed, but the present is larger still. With all the continued cases, there will be 400 for trial. Marshal Carroll tells me. One Commissioner in Durham has alone bound over one hundred cases. Wilmington and Raleigh courts are unlimited in length of time. This being the last court on the circuit, the session may continue four weeks.

Mr. Will Black, son of Dr. W. S Black and Miss Katie Marsh, a teacher in the Oxford Orphan Asylum, were married here to-day. The ceremony was performed by Dr. Carter and Dr. Black.

Yesterday there was a conference between the ministers of the city relative to holding a union service here on Thanksgiving day. Worship in which all the churches unite will be observed at Edenton Street church. Rev. Mr. Tuttle will preach the sermon.

Decisions in the Bank cases from New Hanover will likely be handed down next Tuesday.

The case of most importance on the Federal docket is the explosion at Jacksonville, Onslow county. The Parmele Eccleson Lumber Company are defendants.

DIED.

CROOM—In this city yesterday at 6.30 o'clock, ROBERT MARION, only child of M. D. and Bertha Croom aged 15 months and 18 days. Interment at Burgaw to-day at 12 o'clock noon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bargains.

In presenting this advertisement representing only a limited idea of the stock we carry, we believe a majority of consumers have had little idea of the extensive line of goods we carry, or of our capacity to cater to their needs. We desire to be in touch with the interests of consumers, and in soliciting your patronage we are not unmindful of the fact that we can be of benefit to you.

Feather Dusters 20, 25 and 30c.

Nickle Cuspidors 35c worth 45c.

Pop Corn Poppers 10c, worth 15c.

LAMPS,

both Stand and Library, to be sold at a sacrifice.

OIL HEATERS,
OIL COOK STOVES,
OPEN FRANKLIN STOVES,
SELF-FEEDERS,
EGG STOVES,
BOX STOVES,
COAL VASES, CROCKERY.

All inquiries will receive our careful attention.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street.

nov 17 tf

Mullets.

100 Barrels September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

BIDS

Will be received at City Hall until noon Friday, November 22nd, for rebuilding and putting in thorough repair Sixth street Bridge over W. & W. Railroad. Bids will also be received for painting iron Bridge over railroad on Fourth street. For particulars, &c., apply to

W. N. HARRISS, Chairman
Streets and Wharves Committee.

nov 14 3t th su th

Apples! Apples!

FANCY BALDWIN APPLES, Mixed Nuts, Cheese, Fancy Candies, Onions, Rice, Tobacco, &c., at very low prices.

B. F. KEITH,
188 and 190 North Water Street.
nov 10 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Auction at Southerland's Stables.

I WILL SELL, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22nd, to the highest bidder 25 Horses and Mules. Horses all Virginia raised; good stock and family-broke; work in any harness and will be sold under full guarantee. Persons in need of stock should attend this sale.

nov 20 3t DAVID MURPHY.

JOHNSON & FORE

Call special attention to their ELEGANT LINE of

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

TRIMMINGS.

Our Millinery Department

IS FULL OF THE

LATEST STYLES OF

Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons,

Ostrich and Fancy Feathers,

French Novelties, &c.

We have the only EXPERT TRIMMER in the city.

All orders are promptly and satisfactorily filled.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 27 tf

COAL,

COAL.

Part of my Coal fleet has arrived, consisting of the following vessels, viz.: Schooners Thos. Clyde, R. S. Graham, Eva Danenhower, A. P. Schmidt, Thomas N. Stone and others due to arrive next week as follows: Schooners Eva May, Jno. C. Gregory and the Anna V. Lawson, all loaded with

High Grade Egg, Stove, Chestnut and Furnace Coals.

Also I'm now receiving twelve car-loads of the famous Jellico Coals from Tennessee, the very

Best That Grows.

These goods are for sale and not for big prices.

Don't Be Deceived

by representations that you can buy cheaper elsewhere. Just stick a pin right here and drive it in.

J. A. Springer.

nov 10 tf

FANCY WORK FOR CHRISTMAS.

ZEPHYR.

Every imaginable color, plain and variegated, split and single, 5c per dozen.

EMBROIDERY SILK.

All Colors, 3 yard spools, 10c dozen.

WASH SILK.

25 yard spools, 9c a spool.

CROCHET COTTON

In all colors, 5c a spool.

LINEN AND FRINGE

3½ inch wide, 5c yard, sold elsewhere 12½c.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS.

Plain and Changeable 40c silks, 25c. New lot $1.00 Silks, this week 75c. Black Brocade Silks 48c. New lot Figured Silk, 45c.

CLOTHING.

Children's Knee Pants 20, 25, 45 and 85c. Children's Suits, good value $1.45. $3 Blue, Black and Brown Cheviot Suits, $1.90. Boy's Suits, 14 to 19 years, All Wool, $2 95. $7's $7.50 Suits this week, $5.95. Men's all Wool Black Cheviot Suits, $4.00. Men's Dark Gray and Brown Business Suits $4 80. Men's $12 50 Suits this week, $8 95. All Wool $3 00 Pants, $2 25. $5 00 and $7.00 Pants, $4 00 Men's all Wool Overcoats, $3.60. Men's $15.00 Velvet Collar Overcoats, $9 50

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

$1 50 grade Red and White Flannel Underwear, 98c. Double Frost and Back Gray Undershirts, 45c. 50c Drawers only 35c. Big lot of Half Hose at Reduced Prices.

Yours, for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Phone 119. Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $3.00.

nov 17 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Best.

We always buy the best and adhere to "ONE PRICE." We have fulfilled every promise made to the public, and feel that we have succeeded in inspiring our customers with perfect confidence in our ability to give them the newest and best goods at the lowest prices. Each week brings some new attraction. This week is not an exception. Our lines of goods are taking on the appearance of the Holidays, and you will do well to examine our

Bric-a-Brac, Satsuma, Tokio

and many other Oriental Wares.

Exquisite Perfumes.

These excellent toilet requisites are from RICHARD HUDNUT, who controls the best trade of New York city. Be sure to examine

Zanzibar Lily, Pean d'Espagne,
White Lilac, White Rose,
Sweet Orchids, Bouquet,
Melba, Vetivest.

SIXTUPLE PERFUMES.

Violetol, Moska Lily,
Heliotropic, Indianotis,
Vestrose, Jasminax.

Handkerchiefs.

Imported real Lace Handkerchiefs.

Belgium production $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

Ladies' plain Handkerchiefs 5c to 50c.

Gents' Handkerchiefs, Silk at 40c to $1.00. Initial 50c to $1.00.

Have you seen Parisienne Sleeve Bustle and the Duchess Sleeve Distender.

50 pieces Velvolet and Circlette just received.

We have mending Silk.

REDUCED—Gents' Night Shirts reduced from $1 to 65c.

UMBRELLAS—For Ladies and Gentlemen.

Dress Goods!

In all the very latest novelties. Do not fail to see the handsome patterns that we have just reduced.

200 pieces CARPET—Ingrains, Body-Brussels, Wiltons, Moquettes and Tapestry. Now is the time to make your selections.

BLANKETS and COMFORTS—$1.50 to $8.00

New arrivals in CAPES and CLOAKS.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

nov 17 tf

J. R. WILLARD & CO.

MEMBERS:

Chicago Board of Trade,
New York Produce Exchange,
New York Cons. Stock Exchange.

We will send free the only 4-page Market Letter issued daily from New York and Chicago. Also a Market Dictionary defining all commercial and financial terms and furnishing the most valuable statistics relating to stocks and grain. Send for them.

Orders in stocks, cotton and grain solicited in any amount for cash or on 3 to 5 per cent. margin.

46 Broadway and 45 New St., New York.
17 Board of Trade, Chicago. nov 14 1m

True Bermuda Easter Lily.

(LILIUM HARRISII.)

THIS MAMMOTH WHITE TRUMPET LILY, with flowers four to five inches long, is the best of all Lilies for winter forcing and flowering, because its grand, trumpet-shaped flowers, which give forth a delicious perfume, are wonderfully beautiful and expressive. As a pot plant it is tall and stately, the spike is thickly studded with bloom, which are lovely as cut flowers and keep a long time in water.

If you want them to bloom Easter plant them now. Mammoth bulbs 25c.

JAS. D. MUTT,
nov 10 tf The Druggist.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year. 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 21, 1895

SENATOR VEST'S REASONS.

In recently giving his reasons for the Democratic defeat at the late elections Senator Vest said that hard times and the scarcity of money did it. It would have been more accurate to have said that the scarcity of money did it for it was scarcity of money which made the low prices of farm products, the low prices of labor, and much of the lack of employment from which the people are suffering. It might be replied by some that this was not the cause of the low prices of farm products, &c., for if so then cotton would not have risen as it has but would have met with the same fate as other farm products. But the man who thus replies forgets or ignores the fact that it was the short crop of cotton which put up the price, and that the price would in all probability have run much higher if money had been more abundant.

The domestic price of our farm products is generally fixed by the foreign price which is fixed by the buyer in the foreign market and in the money which he uses. That money being gold in the countries which we do most of our trading the price is fixed in gold but paid in silver for the exports or paid for on this side in the money of this country.

The masses of the people rarely go back to inquire into the origin of the ills from which they suffer but generally hold the party in power responsible for them and in this case they forget that the financial system which produced this scarcity of money was inherited from the Republican party and was the creation of Republican statesmanship, but they expected with the change of administration better times, better prices for the products of the farm, more employment and better wages, and as these did not come they attributed the failure to lack of ability on the part of the Democratic party to administer the Government well and held it responsible for the failure. There was no justice in this, for, as we have said, the Democratic party inherited this wretched financial system from the Republican party; but it is the fact, nevertheless.

The trouble with too many of our Democratic leaders was that they didn't have the nerve to declare this Republican financial system wrong any further than denouncing the Sherman "cowardly makeshift" and demanding its repeal. With this exception they undertook to run the Democratic party in the Republican financial rut, and to do this many of the trusted leaders of the party climbed up on to John Sherman's band wagon and rode with him. There they are to-day and console themselves with the claim that the popular verdict which laid their party out flat in a number of Northern States and in two Southern States was their vindication.

If when under the urging of a Democratic President and a Democratic Secretary of the Treasury, from both of whom the Democracy of the country expected much, and brilliant leadership, the purchasing clause of the Sherman act was repealed they had gone further and provided for the coinage of silver in an amount equivalent to the amount lost to circulation by that repeal and at the same time repealed, as the Democratic platform of 1892 recommended, the State bank tax, the currency and the silver questions would have become dead issues and the Democratic party would have stood in the last elections as solid as a stone wall. There would have been no free silver agitation and no "sound money" fulminations, no pitting of representative Democrats against each other, and no administration campaign of education with members of the cabinet perambulating the country in the capacity of "sound money" professors, and no factions arrayed against each other in conventions and afterwards on the hustings and no pooling of issues with Republicans to defeat Democratic nominees who refused to pull in the gold traces.

This would have prevented the cornering of money and its scarcity, there would have been no financial nor industrial crash in 1893, there would have been no speculating on the gold in the Treasury, no runs on it and no necessity to issue bonds to keep up the reserve. Imports would have been larger, the customs duties larger; there would have been an increase rather than a decrease in the internal revenue receipts, and no deficiency in the Treasury. With this and the new tariff, the new industries would have multiplied and the country would be to-day humming with activity and prosperity, and the Democratic lines would be as solid and as impregnable as granite.

The people never go against the party in power when they are prospering, and they are willing to put up with a good many short comings and even vices of the party if they prosper under it, but they are very apt to go against the party in power if they are not prosperous and have to scuffle to make ends meet, for they almost instinctively couple their adversity and the policies pursued and hold the party in power responsible for both. The men who vote do not always investigate or reason, but their votes count all the same. That's the kind of votes that counted for the Democratic defeats in the last elections.

MINOR MENTION.

We have written much in these columns on the subject of good roads, which we are glad to say are attracting much more attention than formerly and receiving much more careful consideration. Some of the effects are given in the following, which we find in the Atlanta *Constitution*:

"The Chicago *Chronicle* in an editoral on the road question has the following:

"'General Torrence, who is a Chicago man, is building a country house within twenty-one miles of the city of New York. The house and its appurtenances will cost near $2,000,000. The cost of maintaining such an establishment cannot be less than $100,000 a year, and is likely to be more than that. General Torrence's house will be but one of very costly Summer residences that adorn the neighborhood of New York.

"'Let us note a few consequences of the erection of such suburban palaces.

"'1. Land that, intrinsically, is worth but $100 an acre as farming ground becomes worth fabulous sums.

"'2. The adjacent farmers find a near and very profitable market for their produce among the rich residents.

"'3. The tone of society is elevated and the farming community is benefited thereby.'

Our contemporary goes on to say that fine building sites within twenty miles of Chicago go begging, while New York is surrounded by palaces. The reason is plain. New York has good roads all around is, while Chicago has bad country roads in its vicinity. No man wants to spend a fortune on a country home if the roads are so bad that he cannot ride or drive with pleasure.

The road question is becoming more important every day, and State Legislatures and county authorities cannot give it too much attention. With first-class roads the rural districts will attract population; free mail delivery, a telephone service and electric railways will follow, and thousands of wealthy people who now live in cities will build their homes thirty or forty miles out.

Every State should have good highways, if it has to build them on credit. They are a necessity.

* * *

The annual report of the Commissioner of Labor for this State makes a splendid showing as to the progress of cotton manufacturing within our borders. With 156 cotton and woollen mills in operation, we take the lead of all the Southern States in the number of mills and yet new mills are under way and the increase goes on steadily. The increase in the number of spindles from 30,000 in 1870, to 913,458 at this time gives some idea of the great and continued activity in this industry within this period. The consumption of cotton the past year is about equal to the total product of this year. If the same activity had been shown in all the cotton growing States in the manufacture of cotton, the bulk of the cotton crop would now be manufactured in the South, and we could fix our own price on cotton. While our people have shown remarkable energy in the erection of cotton mills and are entitled to much credit for it, candor compels to say that they have advantages not enjoyed to the same extent by the people of any other State, in having practically unlimited water power extending over a very large area of the State, with good railroad facilities for the transportation of the raw material and of the goods manufactured. Cheap sites for mills centrally located, cheap fuel, cheap living, good climate are all factors in the building up of this industry which will continue to operate in the future as they have in the past.

* * *

One of the first results of the improvement in the times in this country was the increase of the immigration from other countries. During 1894 the emigration was somewhat in excess of the immigration, although the immigration for the first nine months ending with September footed up 141,485. For the corresponding period of this year it is 249,332, or 107,847 greater. Of the total this year the United Kingdom,—England, Ireland and Scotland—sent 73,551, as compared with 52,568 last year; Germany 28,203 compared with 31,145 last year; Italy 32,725 to 32,265 last year; Russia 31,744 to 21,394 last year. This shows a falling off of a few thousands for Germany, a small falling off for Italy, with a considerable gain from the United Kingdom and from Russia. We may expect for years to come a large immigration from the older countries while they are overcrowded as they are and the opportunities for making a living are so much better in this country. Ordinarily this would be a cause for a congratulation, but in the condition of this country now, with its overstocked labor market, and its thousands of idle people, and great army of tramps, it is not a cause for congratulation. Without any prejudice against the foreigner, who naturally desires to better his condition, it would be well for this country if the tide ceased to flow until we recovered our equilibrium.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— "There is no cause for wonder," says the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, "that the Utah Mormons are mostly Republicans." Of course not. When a man falls far enough to become a Mormon any further descent is a trifle to him, and comes naturally.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

— The other day a kodak fiend photographed Justice Gray asleep on the Supreme Bench during the argument of a case. The picture has been publicly displayed to the chagrin of the Supreme Court, and an order has been passed forbidding kodaks in the court room. It might be more to the purpose to pass an order forbidding judges to sleep during the trial of cases and requiring attaches of the court to wake up nodding justice.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— Out of twenty-two elections in New York since 1872 the Democrats have carried thirteen, by majorities ranging from 1,047 to 192,854, the latter for David B. Hill over Judge Folger in 1882, and the Republicans were successful in nine, by pluralsties ranging from 13,002 for President, in 1888, to 156,108, the latter given Morton over Hill last year. If there is any consolation in figures on the eve of a Presidential year the Democrats are entitled to a fair share, as the records show that the heavy majorities for one party have changed into majorities for the other at the next election. The two parties have had honors rather easy between them.—*Phil. Times, Ind.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: A fourteen-months-old baby of G. G. Fox of Winston, was fatally burned Monday morning. The mother left the house to go after a bucket of water, leaving the little one sitting on the floor near the stove. When she returned she found the child's clothing burned off and its face and hands almost in a crip. — Mr. Henry Mahler, one of Raleigh's best known citizens and the leading jeweler of the State, died very suddenly, at 10.10 o'clock last night. — Mr. H. D. Bunch returned Sunday from the Atlanta Exposition. He was "on the spot" at 3 o'clock last Friday afternoon when Will Wynne, Raleigh's champion cyclist, rode dow the Chutes at the Exposition. The Chute is a sharp incline—forty-five degrees—and into the Lake. It is five hundred feet long. Wynne made the trip in just six seconds. Several thousand people saw him as he made the dangerous decent on his bicycle, and applauded him loudly as he struck the water. He will make the perilous decent again this afternoon. The Atlanta cyclist have gone wild over Wynne and his trick riding.

— Lenoir *Topic*: Mr. Dave Lefevers met with a horrible death last Saturday evening. He was working at the saw mill of Mr. Lum Prestwood and, for some reason, went under the saw. While he was there he raised his head high enough to come in contact with the saw, splitting his head so that it fell open and scattering his brains all over the floor. He lived in this condition about one hour, when death ended his sufferings. The scene of the accident was five or six miles southwest of Lenoir. — Forest fires have been burning on Highbriten for several days past. Some nights the fire suggested the idea of a volcano. Many hundred acres have been burned over. The long red line of flame that curved round the western side of the mountain just at dark Sunday night was extremely beautiful. Later in the night when the people living near, in order to protect themselves, set fire at the foot of the mountain, and this fire rushed up to meet that coming down, sending up great clouds of smoke and flame and lighting up the landscape for miles around, the scene from Lenoir was grand and magnificent.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

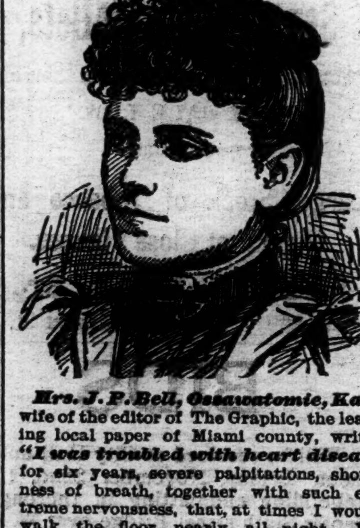
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.

Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.

Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.

Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.



Mrs. J. P. Bell, Ossawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***It completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

For sale by all Druggists.
June 25 1y   su tu th   change.

TWINKLINGS.

— What is done cannot be undone, especially if it is a hard-boiled egg.—*Texas Siftings.*

— When a horse dines he prefers the table d'oat to the dinner a la cart.—*Newark Advertiser.*

— Shaken Up: He—So the cook is going to leave?

She—Yes; she proposes to transfer herself to another precinct.—*Puck.*

— See here, Maginnis, this man is doing twice the work that you are." "That's what Oi've bin tellin him for the lasht hour, sor, but the bloody Oitalian won't stop."—*Texas Siftings.*

— "Now, I want the room painted a very delicate color; a sort of pale, grayish-pinky rose tint—in fact, a maiden's bluish color."

"Yes miss; about what age, miss?"—*Judy.*

— He—"I'm awfully sorry for Mrs. Flyer. I see she has been arrested for trying to smuggle a lot of lace. Isn't it a pity?"

She—"I don't see much call for sympathy. She brought it all upon herself."—*Brooklyn Life.*

SELF DEFENSE.

The Law Relating Thereto Laid Down by the Supreme Court.

A United States district judge in Arkansas instructed a jury that everywhere except within his own house the law requires a man to run away and do his best to escape from an assailant before killing him. The judge further said that when assaulted on his own premises, but outside of his house, a man must show his sense of danger by efforts to escape before his plea that he killed his assailant to save himself from great bodily harm can be accepted.

This instruction was handed down from ancient times when weapons of assault consisted of knives, bludgeons, swords, etc., which an active man had some chance of escaping. But it is not applicable to these days of revolvers and winchesters, whose bullets no man can dodge or outrun, and the United States supreme court has sent it to the black letter lumber garret.

The man sentenced to eight years' imprisonment by the Arkansas judge obtained from the supreme court an order for a new trial under a new instruction. This new instruction declares that wherever a man may be, if he has a right to be there and if he has not himself provoked the assault, the law justifies him in standing his ground and killing his assailant provided the provable circumstances are such as to satisfy a jury that he had reasonable grounds for believing and acted on the belief that the killing was necessary to protect himself from great bodily harm.

Putting any further limitation on the right to kill in self defense would abolish it altogether. Arkansas is only one of the many states in which a man may have to decide very hastily whether he shall be tried for killing a fellow citizen or let the fellow citizen be tried for killing him. In these cases, with his attention excitedly fixed on his assailant, he has no time to get legal advice or to study the necessities of the situation through the eyes of bystanders. Court and jury will do that afterward, and he is under restraint enough when he knows that in saving himself from the peril of the moment he incurs the further peril of having to satisfy a jury that his act as justified by the circumstances.—New York World.

FASHION IN OLD JERUSALEM.

The Jewesses of Ancient Times Were Gorgeously Arrayed Indeed.

As far back as seven centuries before the Christian era there were very gayly dressed women in Jerusalem. The Prophet Ezekiel tells of them. They had garments of silk adorned with broidered work. Their bodies were swathed in fine linen. They had shoes of badger skin. They wore ornaments of gold and silver, rings in the ears, bracelets on the wrists, a chain around the neck, a jewel over the brow and a crown upon the head.

The prophet speaks of the earrings which were worn by the women of Jerusalem, but these ornaments were worn by Jewesses ages before the time of Ezekiel, even in the days of Moses and earlier yet. There were earrings among the other gifts in the oblation given to Moses, as described in the book of Numbers. The first Biblical reference to them is in the part of Genesis which tells how Rebekah obtained as a gift a "golden earring of half a shekel weight" from Abraham's servant, who "put it upon her face." At a later period the patriarch Jacob procured all the earrings which belonged to his household and hid them under an oak tree. Subsequently to that time earrings are frequently spoken of in the Bible. Even Job, the patient man of Uz, must have owned a lot of them in the latter part of his life, for when all his brethren and all his sisters and all his acquaintances came to comfort him under his afflictions "every one of them gave him an earring of gold."

In the very early periods of Jewish history women seem to have been as fond of dress and decorations as they are in modern times. When the daughters of Jerusalem were appareled and bejeweled in the way described by Ezekiel, their garments and ornaments must have been nearly as expensive as those of the grand dames who now shine in society. The wearing of "divers colors," however, does not seem to have been a mark of honor.—New York Sun.

In the Wrong Place.

Lawley (expert shorthand reporter)—I say, James, the boy from the newspaper office has called for the report of that lecture. Is it finished?

James (a novice)—All but a short sentence in the middle of it, and I can't for the life of me make out from my notes what it is.

Lawley—Oh, just put in "great applause" and let it go.

James acts on the suggestion, and the lecture is sent for publication with the doctored part reading: "Friends, I will detain you but a few moments longer. Great applause."—Exchange.

Just the Man Wanted.

Applicant—I understand that you want a reporter?

Editor—Yes, I am in want of a man to do the verbatim work. Are you a shorthand writer?

Applicant—No, sir. But I am a rapid writer. I used to be an actor and have had experience in writing stage letters.

Editor—Ah, you are just the man we want!—Boston Traveller.

Beer In Atlanta.

Smith—It is understood that the breweries have engaged a carload of frogs.

Brown—For what purpose?

Smith—Because they're so full of hops.—Atlanta Constitution.

Did His Work Well.

Bootblack—Dis yere business is mighty hard on me eyes.

Customer—On your eyes?

Bootblack—Yes. Yer see I puts sech a dazzlin shine on de shoes it hurts 'em.—Chicago Record.

New York is the wealthiest of the states. The value of its real and personal property reaches the enormous aggregate of $2,651,940,006.

In the United States the rainfall of the four seasons is about equal in amount in each season.

HARD WOOD FLOORS.

INFORMATION ABOUT THEIR CONSTRUCTION AND CARE.

Quartered White Oak Said to Be the Very Best Material—How to Wax and Polish. They Do These Things Better In England Than We Do In America.

It is only a few years since advocates of the house beautiful began to preach in favor of hard floors, and there is now hardly a village in the country where this doctrine of health and beauty has not penetrated. Yet every one who has discarded carpets and adopted hard wood floors has found some drawbacks in the way. In nine cases out of ten the floor is simply shellacked, often without previous filling, and every scratch of the bootheel shows on its surface. The wood is soon laid bare and permanently stained, or perhaps the wood is oiled with clear oil which has not been properly rubbed in. The residue gums on the surface and collects dust and debris, and altogether the hard wood floor, which has been well laid by the carpenter, is a source of discomfort and disappointment.

European housekeepers suffer from none of these disadvantages because they try none of these experiments. The European floor is a floor of parquetry. It is made by gluing together thicknesses of hard wood on a pine backing, a method by which they obtain a stronger and more durable floor than when a thick floor of hard wood alone is used, for every builder knows that the best door is not one of solid hard wood, but one of two thicknesses of hard wood over a pine core. These doors are naturally more expensive, because they are more trouble to make. So the veneered floor is more durable, though a very excellent floor may be laid in hard wood seven-eighths thick over a rough floor of pine, providing the wood has been properly seasoned. Or a thinner floor may be laid over a perfectly level floor of pine.

Builders recommend quartered white oak as the very best material for floors. This is a western wood and costs about $100 a 1,000 feet in this state. Maple and birch, which are much cheaper woods, also make excellent floors. Native birch, which may be bought in this state as low as $40 a 1,000 feet, is a very hard, smooth wood, and makes a very durable kitchen floor which does not sliver up like Georgia pine. Narrow boards, measuring about two inches or less laid, make a most desirable floor. The skillful carpenter matches his joints with faultless precision, planes and scrapes his floor and polishes it down with hard wood shavings after it is laid, as well as finishing it before. When this is properly done, hardly a joint is visible, and it is then ready to be filled.

It is this process that is so often neglected and upon which so much depends. It should be a thoroughly trustworthy wood filler, purchased from a dealer whose name is a guarantee for his goods. These fillers usually come by the pound, often in paste form, and may be thinned to a proper consistency with turpentine. It is applied to the wood with a brush, and all that remains on the surface is polished off with hardwood shavings or excelsior. This filler is allowed to dry about 12 hours, when a coat of wax is applied, or of prepared oil if you prefer it. Where oil is used it should be thinned with a certain amount of "drier."

The best wax is a preparation of turpentine and beeswax, properly melted together, and is kept by all dealers in parquetry floors. The chief mistake that amateurs make is to apply this wax too generously. An expert in this matter says that a pound of wax ought to cover 800 feet of surface. After the wax is applied and rubbed in with a weighted brush it should be allowed to stand for awhile and a second coat applied before the floor is used.

A great many American families attempt to take care of a hardwood floor without a brush. This is a waste of much laborious energy. The work can be accomplished by the use of a brick wrapped in flannel and then in cotton, but it cannot be properly accomplished except by a strong man, while an ordinary servant can readily wield the 22 pound brush, which sells in our shops at from $3.50 to $4 and with care will last many years. It should be passed first across the grain of the wood. Then the floor should be vigorously polished with the grain of the wood.

Finally a piece of old carpet is laid down and the floor is polished under this. A properly cared for floor should be polished with the brush once a week. It should not be rewaxed oftener than once a month or once in two or three months, according to the amount of wear on it. After a certain period of time it may be necessary to scrape the floor and apply some kind of restorer, though this should be hardly required unless the floor has been improperly dressed.

Of course the best way of polishing such a floor is in the foreign fashion, with a brush attached to one foot of a robust man, who goes skating about until the surface gleams like marble. But this method is not often possible in this country except in those households where there are foreign menservants.—New York Tribune.

In a Hurry.

"It's a rapid age," said the big policeman thoughtfully. "A terribly rapid age. Everybody's in a hurry."

"What's the matter now?" inquired the man who was waiting for a street car.

"Why, we've got the trolley car, haven't we?"

"Yes."

"And the cable car fender?"

"To be sure."

"And the cigarettes?"

"Quite so."

"And yet you read in the papers every day about people so blamed impatient that they go and commit suicide."—Washington Star.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY's Drug Store. †

How to use Cottolene

the new shortening, like all other things must be rightly used if you wish the best results. Never, in any recipe, use more than two-thirds as much Cottolene as you used to use of lard. Never put Cottolene in a hot pan. Put it in when cold and heat it with the pan. Be careful not to burn Cottolene. To test it, add a drop of water; if hot enough, it will *pop*. Cottolene, when rightly used, delights everyone. Get the genuine, sold everywhere in tins, with trade-marks—"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf   tu th sa   change

Dirt and Health.

The old saying that dirt is healthful no longer holds its ground in the light of modern research. Not all dirt is actually disease producing, it is true, but all places where filth accumulates or where there is decaying matter of any kind are very likely to afford abode and sustenance to any disease germs which may be floating about in the air. Here they multiply and wax strong and lie in wait to attack the first animal or human being that comes along, whose vital forces are not strong enough to bar the entrance of these microscopic enemies. No soiled clothing should lie about sleeping apartments, no rubbish should accumulate in the attic, no rotten rags under the sink, no decaying vegetables in the cellar, no soiling matter or dust anywhere. Disease microbes do not crawl about actively like flies. They are invisible, living, organic dust and can often be gotten rid of as such. The greatest sanitary safety lies in absolute cleanliness.—Hall's Journal of Health.

Practical Advice.

"Keep your temper, laddie. Never quarrel wi' an angry person, specially a woman. Mind ye, a soft answer's aye best. It's commanded, and, forbye, it makes them far madder than onything else ye could say."—London Tit-Bits.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		5¼
Standard	7¼	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	13½	14
Sides ℔ lb	7½	7½
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	5½	5½
Shoulders ℔ lb	5½	5
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each		1 10
New New York, each	1 35	1 40
New City, each		1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	26	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15	
Northern	23	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks		45
Virginia Meal	50	45
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		85
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	9	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	10	11
Dairy, Cream	11	12
State	....	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—	27	28
Laguyra	20	23
Rio	15½	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	6¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	12½
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	10
" Extra	3 25	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade		3 00
Choice,	2 75	3 00
Straight	3 75	3 85
First Patent		4 25
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White,	47½	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½	45
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½	45
Oats, from store		35
Oats, Rust Proof		45
Cow Peas	60	60
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	....	6
Dry	....	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	....	1 00
Western		90
North River		85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	6½	9
North Carolina	6	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		22
" " " in bbls	....	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	27½
" " in bbls	25	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	14
" " in bbls	....	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		2 30
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	10 50	11 00
Rump		10 00
Prime		10 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	....	75
Liverpool	....	65
Lisbon	....	....
American		65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	7 00
Common	2 00	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	4⅝	5
Standard A		4¾
White Ex. C		4¾
ExtraC, Golden	4	4¼
C, Yellow		3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	....
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	00	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon— Northern	1 00	2
North Carolina	1 00	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	
Clear of burs	12½	
Burry		

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 20.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 24⅝ cents per gallon for country and 25½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 27½ per bbl bid for Strained and $1 32½ bid for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change quiet at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip, and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 25; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 25c; rosin, strained, $1 00; good strained, $1 05; tar, $1 10; crude turpentine, $1 10, 1 50, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	125 casks
Rosin	537 bbls
Tar	506 bbls
Crude Turpentine	76 bbls

Receipts same day last year—68 casks spirits turpentine, 324 bbls rosin, 496 bbls tar, 42 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Quiet on a basis of 8c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7 9-16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5c.

Receipts—1,277 bales; same day last year, 2,372.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 20 - Evening—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 last loan at 1½ and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5@7½ per cent. Sterling exchange was quoted easier; actual business in bankers' bills 487¾@488 for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds quiet; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 105; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK November 20—Evening—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8⅝c; middling 8⅜c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; November 8 11, December 8 11, January 8 15, February 8 20; March 8 24; April 8 28, May 8 33, June 8 37, July 8 39, August 8 41, September —, October 8 05. Sales 226,000 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 337 bales; gross 3,801 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 500 bales; forwarded 3,371 bales; sales 720 bales, sales to spinners 20 bales; stock (actual) 175,862 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 36 322 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,238 bales; to France 17,200 bales; to the Continent 18,032 bales; stock 928,351 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 147,877 bales; exports to Great Britain 45,618 bales; to France 24,452 bales; to the Continent 53,039 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2,172,817 bales; exports to Great Britain 568,142 bales; exports to France 146,570 bales; exports to the Continent 494,164 bales.

NEW YORK, November 20—Flour dull; springs easy; winter patent steady; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 75; fair to fancy $2 80@3 40; patents $3 50@3 90 Minnesota clear $2 75@3 25; patents $3 35@4 10; low extra $2 25@2 75; city mills ——; do patents ——; Southern flour dull and steady, common to fair extra $2 10@2 80, good to choice $2 90@3 30. Wheat—spot dull and firm; No 2 red in store and at elevator 67⅝c; afloat 69c; options were dull and firm with only a local trade and the close unchanged from yesterday; No.2 red December 64¾; January 65⅜c; March 67⅜c; May 67⅝c. Corn—spot dull and firmer; No.2 at elevator 36½c; afloat 37½c; options were dull and firm at ⅛c advance; November 36c; December 35½c; May 35⅝c. Oats—spot quiet and steady; options were dull and steady; November 23c; December 23½c; May 25½c; spot prices—No. 2 23c; No 2 white 24½c; mixed Western 23@24½. Hay steady; demand; spring 70@75c; good to choice 85@90c. Wool quiet, firm; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34c; Texas 9@13. Beef quiet and easy; family $10 00@12 00, extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet at $14 00@14 50; tierced beef dull and steady; city extra India mess $17 00; cut meats were quoted easy and quiet; pickled bellies 5½c; shoulders 6c; hams 8¼@9c; middles nominal. Lard dull but steady; Western steam $5 82½; city $5 40@5 45; November $5 80 nominal; refined in moderate demand; Continent $6 25; South America $6 60; compound $4 50@5 00. Pork quiet and steady; old mess $9 50@10 00. Butter quiet and unchanged. Eggs in moderate demand; State and Pennsylvania 22@26c; Western fresh 21@23½c; do per case $3 50@4 25. Tallow firm, with a moderate demand; city 4½@4 3 16c; country 4@4⅜c. Cotton seed oil quiet and easy; crude 25½@26c; new yellow prime 29½c asked; do off grade 28c. Rice steady and fairly active; domestic, fair to extra 3¾@6c; Japan 3⅝@3⅞c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c. Peanuts steady. Coffee easy and 10@30 points down; November $14 35@14 50; January $14 20, March $13 85 @13 90; May $13 35@13 40; July $12 75; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7 $15 25@15 50. Sugar—raw was quiet and steady; fair refining 3c; refined quiet and steady; off A 4 1-16@4¼c; standard A 4½; granulated 4½@4⅝c; cut loaf 5½c; crushed 5½c. Freights to Liverpool dull but easy; cotton per steamer 3 32d; grain per steamer 3¼d asked.

CHICAGO, November 20—Cash quotations: Flour quiet, unchanged. Wheat—No.2 spring 56⅝@57½c; No 2 red 57½@61. Corn—No. 2 27¾@28c. Oats—No. 2 18c. Mess pork, per bbl, $7 95@8 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 47½@5 50. Short rib sides, per 100 lbs—no report. Dry salted shoulders per boxes 100 lbs $4 45@4 50. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $4 75@4 87½. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 November 57, 57, 56⅝, 56⅝c; December 57½@57⅝, 57½@57⅝, 57½, 57½c; May 61⅝@61⅞, 61¾@61⅞, 61⅜, 61¾@61½c. Corn—November 28, 28, 27¾, 27¾c; December 27½, 27½, 27⅜, 27⅜c; January 27½, 27½, 27⅜, 27⅜; May 29⅜, 29⅜, 29¼, 29¼c. Oats—No. 2 November 17¾, 17¾, 17⅜, 17⅜c; December, 18, 18, 18; May 20⅝, 20⅝, 20⅜@20½, 20½c. Mess pork, per bbl, November $7 95, 7 95, 7 95, 7 95; January $ 97½, 8 97½, 8 87½, 8 90; May $9 37½, 9 37½, 9 25, 9 27½. Lard, per 100 lbs, November $5 42½, 5 42½, 5 42½, 5 42½; January $5 55, 5 55, 5 52½, 5 52½; May $5 75, 5 77½, 5 75, 5 75. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, November $4 42½, 4 42½, 4 42½, 4 42½; January $4 52½, 4 52½, 4 50, 4 50; May $4 77½, 4 77½, 4 75, 4 75.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 20.—Flour quiet; Spring wheat patent $3 50@3 70; do straight $3 25@3 50 Wheat quiet; No. 2 red spot and November 64¾@65c; December 65@65½c; May 69½@69⅝c; Southern by sample 65@66c; do on grade 63½@65½c. Corn easy; mixed spot and November 35⅜@35⅝c; year 34¼@34⅜c; January 34@34¼c; February 34¼@34½c; Southern white 34@37c; do yellow 34¼@37c. Oats inactive and steady; No. 2 white Western 23@23½c; No. 2 mixed do 22½@23c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Nov. 20.—Galveston, quiet at 8 1-16c, net receipts 8,876 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8c, net receipts 1,460 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅜c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 857 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 8c, net receipts 1,277 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 219 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7⅞c, net receipts 5,469 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8 1-16c, net receipts 14 888 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7 13-16c net receipts 1,460 bales; Memphis, steady at 8 1-16, net receipts 3,820 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8c, net receipts 989 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7⅞c, net receipts 1,282 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 20.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand fair and prices unchanged. American midding 4 15-32d. Yesterday's sales were increased by late business by 3,000 bales American Sales to-day estimated at 12,000 bales, of which 10,700 were American; speculation and export 1,000. Receipts 15,000 bales, of which 11,100 were American. Futures opened firm and demand fair. December and January 4 23-64d; January and February 4 23-64@4 21-64d; February and March 4 24 64@4 22-64d; March and April 4 24 64, 4 23-64@4 24 64d; April and May 4 25 64d; May and June 4 26-64@4 27-64d; July and August 4 29-64@4 28-64d. Futures quiet.

Tenders of cotton for delivery to-day were —— bales new dockets and 100 bales old dockets.

4 P M—American middling fair 1-32d lower; other spot grades unchanged. American middling fair 4 31 32d; good middling 4 19-32d; middling 4 15-32d; low middling 4⅜d; good ordinary 4¼d; ordinary 4 1-16d. November 4 24-64@4 25-64d seller; November and December 4 24-64d seller; December and January 4 23-64@4 24-64d buyer; January and February 4 23 64@4 24 64d seller; February and March 4 24 64d buyer; March and April 4 24-64@4 25 64d buyer; April and May 4 25-64@4 26-64d buyer; May and June 4 26-64@4 27-64d buyer; June and July 4 28-64d seller; July and August 4 29-64d seller; August and September 4 28 64@4 29-64d seller. Futures closed very steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Schr Navarino Warner, Ponce, P R, Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by E Kidder's Son.

Br str Eastry Wattley, Bremen, Ger. Alex Sprunt & Son.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN—Br str Eastry—9,528 bales cotton.

PONCE, P R—Scr Navarino—299,875 feet lumber.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 21, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Mourne (Br), 2092 tons, Aiken, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Valencia (Br), 606 tons, Roberts, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Kirkby, (Br), 1,796 tons, Spence, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Eva May, 150 tons, Small, J T Riley & Co.
Victory (Br), 131 tons, Monroe, Crorly & Morris.
John C Gregory 360 tons, Andressen Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Florence Shay, 385 tons, Edwards, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
R S Graham, 325 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Amelia P Schmidt, 266 tons, Pashley, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Flora (Nor), 505 tons, Stevenson, Heide & Co.
Antares (Ger), 466 tons, Rachlen, E Peschau & Co.
Emma Bauer (Ger), 536 tons, Niemann, Heide & Co.
Kong Sverre (Nor), 474 tons, Jasen, Heide & Co.
Guyda (Nor), 657 tons, Johnsen, Heide & Co.
Hans (Sw), 680 tons, Lenander, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Sullivan, 295 tons, Allen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C., are now showing a very desirable line of

Cooking Stoves,

Oil Heaters

of several kinds, styles and sizes.

They will certainly give you as low prices for first quality goods as any house can possibly do and be successful. They realize the competition that confronts them, but the heavier the load the harder they must pull.   oct 13 tf

For Sale Cheap, or Lease.

Twenty Crops Pullines Turpentine Boxes.
Nine Crops Virgin Turpentine Boxes.
Two Hundred and Twenty-five Dip Barrels.
Two Stills and Fixtures.
Three Double Wagons.
Eleven Mules and Two Horses
From which I have made this year 800 barrels spirits.

Located only fifteen miles from Brunswick, Ga., and sixty miles from Savannah. Both good Naval Store Markets, directly on the Southern Railroad. Address me.

DAVIS DUBBERLY,
nov 8 1m   Pennick, Ga.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly Cash loaned on improved city real estate.   sep 19 t

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.
ad ly   th sa tu

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural**. **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns, Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks, Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

STARS ARE IN THE SKY ALL DAY.

The stars are in the sky all day.
Each linked coil of Milky Way
And every planet that we know
Behind the sun is circling slow.
They sweep, they climb with stately tread,
Venus the fair, and Mars the red,
Saturn engirdled with clear light
Or Jupiter with moons of white.
Each knows his path and keeps due tryst.
Not even the smallest star is missed
From those wide fields of deeper sky
Which gleam and flash mysteriously,
As if God's outstretched fingers must
Have sown them thick with diamond dust.
There are they all day long, but we,
Sun blinded, have no eyes to see.

The stars are in the sky all day,
But when the sun has gone away,
And hovering shadows cool the west,
And call the sleepy birds to rest,
And heaven grows softly dim and dun—
Into its darkness one by one
Steal forth those starry shapes all fair—
We say steal forth, but they were there.
Where all day long, unseen, unguessed,
Climbing the sky from east to west.
The angels saw them where they hid,
And so perhaps the eagles did,
For they can face the sharp sun ray
Nor wink nor heed to look away.
But we, blind mortals, gazed from far
And did not see a single star.

I wonder if the world is full
Of other secrets beautiful,
As little guessed, as hard to see,
As this sweet starry mystery.
Do angels veil themselves in space
And make the sun their hiding place?
Do white wings flash as spirits go
On heavenly errands to and fro,
While we, down looking, never guess
How near our lives they crowd and press?
If so, at life's set we may see
Into the dusk steal noiselessly
Sweet faces that we used to know,
Dear eyes like stars that slowly glow,
Dear hands stretched out to point the way—
And deem the night more fair than day.

—Susan Coolidge in Congregationalist.

A RUNAWAY WHEEL.

"Fred, old man, you are indeed fortunate," said I as I leaned back in the easy chair before the grate fire in his cozy home.

"Yes, fortunate is the very word," he answered musingly. "The events of an hour changed the course of my life. If that hour had been left out of the day, I should not be the possessor of such a home, but would be back in the old bachelor quarters. They were not so bad, and there was only one woman for whom I would give them up. At that time she had refused me—was, in fact, engaged to another.

"I have never before spoken of this, but what I have gained has been well earned. I was favored by fortune in that hour, but it was seizing the opportunity that made me successful.

"A party of us had gone away on a wheeling trip. We were young, gay and joyous, and the weeks slipped by until it came time for us to think of returning.

"From being in love with Emily Brant I became madly infatuated with her. Though she treated me in the most distant manner, I still thought, with the conceit of youth, that she cared a little for me. I was helped out in this idea by little incidents and trivial circumstances which led me to hope she would accept me.

"I had a rival—a man who did not seem to consider my actions of any importance. I could not seem to make him jealous in the slightest degree. He had naturally a very self composed manner, but this alone would not account for his bearing.

"I came to the conclusion that I must propose to Emily before we returned to the city, as I would have a much better opportunity of stating my case amid favorable surroundings than in the city with its bustle and interruptions.

"One afternoon we were riding through a beautiful valley, and it so happened Emily and myself were quite a distance to the rear of the party. The road was smooth, the trees arched overhead, the sunlight streamed in gold shafts through them, falling alternately upon Emily as she rode her wheel so easily and gracefully, lighting her beauty with a soft glow. I could keep silence no longer, and riding close beside her, as we sped on together, I told her how much I loved her and asked her to be my wife.

"Then came the breaking of the dream I had had for so many weeks and months. In a few words I learned there was no hope for me; that though she admired and respected me she had never thought of me in any other way; that there was already an understanding between Mr. Fernow and herself, and that their engagement was soon to be announced.

"At first I could hardly believe my ears. We rode the rest of the way in silence. For me the glory of the day had departed. It was as if a haze, like the melancholy haze of Indian summer, through which I should see all things for all time, had closed around me.

"If it had been possible, I should have left that night for the city, but circumstances compelled me to accompany the party on one last ride.

"I never saw a gayer set of people than we were when we started the next day. Some of them guyed me a little about my lack of gayety, but I answered that I was to leave the next day and felt sad in consequence.

"We were to ride down one valley, then descend a mountain into another valley. I was the only one in the party who had been over the road, and it was so long ago I had partially forgotten it. When we began to descend the mountain, I told them we had better walk as the road was very steep. They took my advice for a time, and we had gone the greater part of the way, when one of the party, in a spirit of frolic, mounted his wheel and dared the others to do likewise.

"Thinking we were almost at the foot of the mountain, we all followed his example. I was riding in the lead, Earnest Fernow was close beside me. Suddenly, on turning a bend, we came upon a pitch in the road so steep as to greatly alarm us.

"We had all been riding at good speed. This in itself would have mattered little had each one of us had our wheels under perfect control, but timidity, carelessness or fright might mean great danger.

"I saw Earnest Fernow turn white and jam his brake down hard, while he back pedaled with all his might. Suddenly we were startled by a cry of fear—a cry for help, 'Earnest, save me!' The next instant Emily Brant sped by us. She had lost control of her wheel.

"Fernow paid no heed. He was too frightened himself. He turned his bicycle into the bank and stopped. Even at the speed with which she was going I knew she realized he had deserted her.

"Unless you have been similarly placed, you cannot understand the ghastly feeling of horror that comes over you as you know your wheel is beyond your control on a steep mountain. There is no way to stop but by turning into the bank and taking a headlong plunge, and the chances of injury or death, or to keep on, while the speed increased with each revolution of the wheels, and the chances of escape grow less.

"I realized if I started in pursuit my wheel would be in a moment more beyond my control. Still, my opportunity had come, and I did not hesitate. A moment more, and I was close behind her. I had no idea up to this time what I should do, but as my wheel, owing to superior weight, closed up the gap between us my thoughts began to take form.

"The road, fortunately, was almost straight. I remembered that where it came upon the valley there was a wide, shallow river. It came down the mountain at right angles to this river, then turned to the left. There was a small open field between the road and river. I knew that instinctively she would try to turn away from the river. In that case she would be hurled against a mass of rock through which the road had been cut.

"I must reach her before we came upon the river. For a time our speed was terrific. The rocks and trees seemed to be strangely blurred as they sped by. We could feel the air like a resisting wall through which we were plunging. Then we came upon a rise in the road, almost a hill, which reduced our speed somewhat, and I came nearer her.

"As I came close beside her wheel she turned her head as if she could not bear the sight of the water toward which we were plunging.

"She saw me, and in all the horror that surrounded us I felt a great happiness, for there was trust, confidence and admiration in that look. It said, 'You will save me.'

"Up to that time I believe she thought she was riding to death alone.

"Then I was close beside her, and as we came toward the turn in the road I reached over and seized, for one instant, the handle bars of her wheel, keeping both wheels pointed for the open field and the river.

"There was a minute's jar as we crossed the field, then the river seemed to spring forward to meet us. There was a dull shock, and a plunge into the water.

"I found myself, when I had recovered from the force of the blow, half standing, half floating in the shallow water holding Emily Brant, who was white and unconscious. The landscape seemed to be spinning round like a top.

"I realized we had escaped serious injury, as the river had acted as a cushion and lessened the force of the impact as we plunged from our wheels. She soon revived, but was very weak and dizzy. That night the order of things was changed. I remained, and it was Fernow who left for the city.

"From that day the haze of Indian summer that threatened to envelop my life has given place to the glory of noontide."

For a moment or two as Fred ceased speaking we both sat looking at the grate fire where the coals glowed in the ruddy flame.

I was thinking, knowing Fred as well as I did, that Emily might well consider that hour a fortunate hour for her, though at the time it carried with it a great dread, but all I said was, "Thanks for the story, old man."—Henry E. Haydock in Once a Week.

Lead Pencils.

The ordinary sized lead pencil, such as one gets when he goes into a store and asks for "a lead pencil," is seven inches in length and a trifle more than a quarter of an inch thick. Pencils are made in many different styles and shapes and for many uses. Special pencils of very small diameter are made for mathematical instruments. Another small diameter pencil is the programme pencil made for dancing orders, of which the sale in this country is estimated at 5,000 gross annually. Programme pencils are made round and hexagon in shape and finished in a variety of colors and styles. Some are wound with silk. Programme pencils are sold sharpened and with a ring and a cord and tassel attached, ready for use. Other small pencils made are those used for tablets and memorandum books. Checking pencils, with red, blue and green crayons, are now used extensively in commercial establishments and by express and railroad companies and in almost every office. Thousands of gross of checking pencils are sold annually, and the sale of them is constantly increasing. Crayon pencils for various uses are made of all colors and in many tints.—New York Sun.

Acid In Oysters.

In a paper read before the Paris Academy of Sciences, as reported in La Nature, Messrs. Chatin and Muntz described their experiments to determine the amount of phosphorus in different kinds of oysters. "A dozen oysters of the variety known as Portuguese contained four grams (62 grains) of phosphoric acid, representing one gram of the tribasic phosphate of lime found in boxes. The French oysters are less rich. They contain only two-thirds as much phosphorus as the Portuguese oysters. This determination is important from the point of view of the nutritive properties of different kinds of oysters."

ADVANTAGES OF SEA POWER.

An English View of the American Navy In the Civil War.

Spenser Wilkinson illustrates the extraordinary influence of sea power by a reference to the American civil war. The ordinary man might suppose that in a civil war, at any rate, sea power was not a material factor, and that there, if anywhere, land considerations alone decided the struggle. Yet this was not really the case. After showing how much the Danes were able to do against Germany, owing to their possession of sea power, Mr. Wilkinson proceeds:

"The second war illustrates not the help which the command of the sea gives to the weaker military power, but the terrific force which it adds to the stronger. It is the American civil war. The usual explanation of this war is that the north was able to overcome the south by the superior numbers of its armies. But this is less than half the truth. The south was beaten because, as it had no fleet, the north commanded the sea. Lee was never beaten in battle except when he invaded the northern states. In Virginia he repulsed every attack made upon him until a few days before the end. Grant and Sherman in the west defeated Confederate armies, Grant gaining possession in 1862 and 1863 of the upper half of the Mississippi, and Farragut with his fleet conquering the lower half.

"The conquest of the Mississippi cut the Confederacy in two and deprived the principal eastern half of the resources of the states west of the river. Grant then defeated the Confederate army at Chattanooga and left Sherman in 1864 to push on into the heart of the Confederate states, to Atlanta, the chief railway center of the south. The decisive blow, in a military sense, was inflicted by Sherman when he marched from Atlanta to Savannah, and then from Savannah right through the seaboard states to Raleigh in North Carolina.

"This great raid was possible only because Sherman was certain when he reached the sea to find a Federal fleet from which he could draw supplies, and which would then be a sure base for him as he advanced northward parallel with the coast. The decisive military blow, therefore, depended on the fleet. Grant's army, too, was always during his campaigns against Lee supplied by the sea. Even these advantages would have led to no decisive result had it not been for the blockade of the Confederate coasts. As soon as the war began the blockade was proclaimed. The Federal navy, small at the outset, was rapidly increased, and by the end of 1862 the blockade was effective along all the 2,400 miles of coast from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. By the blockade the south was starved."—London Spectator.

An Irishman, quarreling with an Englishman, told him if he didn't hold his tongue he would "break his impenetrable head and let the brains out of his empty skull."

The sun throws vertical rays on the earth's surface only upon an area equal to about 85 square miles at any one time.

CHINESE JUGGLERS.

Some of the Strange and Startling Feats That They Perform.

Chinese jugglers and Indian fakirs have pretty much the same "stock in trade." Here is an account of some tricks performed by a Chinese:

When the conjurer asked the spectators what they wanted to see, some one called for a pumpkin.

"A pumpkin," answered the conjurer; "that is impossible. Pumpkins are out of season."

However, he was only talking, for presently he took a pumpkin seed and planted it in the earth. Then, having made his little son, 4 or 5 years old, lie down, he thrust a knife into his throat. The blood poured out into a vessel, and with it the man moistened the spot where the seed had been planted.

Next he covered the corpse with a cloth and placed a wooden bell over the seed. In a few moments a sprout was seen rising from the soil. It grew and grew and burst into flower. The flower fell, the pumpkin showed itself and increased in size with extraordinary rapidity.

As soon as it was ripe the man picked it from the stalk, showed it to the public and took up a collection, after which, of course, he lifted the cloth and found the boy perfectly unharmed.

The second feat, by a different performer, was even more startling. A peach was called for by one of the spectators.

"It is March," said the magician. "The land is still icebound. Peaches are not to be obtained now except in paradise."

"Oh, well," answered the spectators, "you are a sorcerer and ought to be able to bring a peach down from heaven."

The conjurer grumbled, but finally consented to see what he could do. He began by weaving a roll of ribbon, which he cast into the air. It took at once the shape of a ladder, which went up to a tremendous height. On it he placed a child, and the little fellow ran up the rungs like a monkey. Up, up he went till he vanished in the clouds.

Some moments passed, then a peach dropped from the sky. The magician picked it up, cut it into slices and offered it to the bystanders. It was a real peach.

Then a horrible thing happened. The head of the child dropped out of the sky and was followed by the trunk and then the legs. With tears in his eyes the man picked them up and placed them in a box. But after much show of grief and after the sympathetic spectators had taken up a collection for his benefit he opened the box and said, "Come forth, my child, and thank these kind gentlemen." At the word out leaped the child, alive and well.—Philadelphia Times.

A POINTER FOR THE CARELESS.

How Unused Railway Tickets May Be Redeemed at Slight Cost.

Some men with valuable unused railway tickets on their hands sell them to scalpers, while others go to the railway company that issued them and obtain their value in money. Most men, however, do neither, and accept the loss when the ticket is worth less than a dollar. Indeed, many men do not realize that railway companies stand ready to redeem unused tickets even of small value, so that the companies must be richer by many thousands of dollars per year by reason of this neglect or ignorance.

Every railway ticket bears the name of the general passenger agent of the road issuing the same. It is a simple matter to inclose the ticket with a letter directed to the general passenger agent asking him to refund the money paid and explaining the reason why the ticket is left unused in the hands of the purchaser. It is courteous to inclose a stamped envelope in which the money may be returned.

When all these things have been done the company usually acknowledges the receipt of the ticket holder's communication and promises to investigate the matter. The investigation consists in the proper identification of the ticket and a little bookkeeping to set all right in the accounts. Then the purchaser receives from the company a check for the amount due, along with a letter requesting acknowledgment on the part of the recipient. That closes the transaction and there is no material loss on either side.—New York Sun.

A City Built In a Cherry Seed.

At the time of the French Crystal Palace exposition a Nuremberg toymaker exhibited a cherry stone within the cavity of which he had built a perfect plan of the city of Sevastopol, streets, railway approaches, bridges, etc.

A powerful microscope was used in exhibiting this wonderful miniature city, and it is estimated that not less than 500,000 people took a peep at the results of the toymaker's toil. Each of these 500,000 sightseers deposited a franc piece in the hands of the ingenious workman, the total of the cash thus taken in netting him a snug little fortune.—St. Louis Republic.

Homemade Mucilage.

A very convenient mucilage, says Invention, can be made out of onion juice by any one who wishes to use it. A good sized Spanish onion, after being boiled for a short time, will yield, on being pressed, quite a large quantity of very adhesive fluid. This is used extensively in various trades for pasting paper on to tin or zinc or even glass, and the tenacity with which it holds would surprise any one on making the first attempt. It is a cheap and good mucilage and answers as well as the more costly cements.

She Knew What That Meant.

Sally—An after we are married will you keep on lovin me?

Rube—I'll love you till—till the cows come home, as the feller says.

Sally—Yaas, an then go down to the grocery an let me do all the milkin.—Indianapolis Journal.

Wonders Seen by a Native Alaskan.

"The Indians of the interior of Alaska," says a traveler, "are as unsophisticated and uncivilized as the natives of the interior of Africa. I saw an Indian lad in Juneau who had been brought from Forty Mile camp, and it was amusing to watch his interest in the big ships, houses, cattle, electric lights, telephones and phonographs that he saw there. The little incandescent electric lights interested him perhaps more than anything else, and he would have gone broke in buying them if his guardian had not prevented him. He thought that he could take them back to his tribe and make them glow by simply turning the thumbscrew, and he believed that he could sell them like hot cakes on the Yukon. The mysteries of the phonograph seemed to him something supernatural, and they were entirely beyond his powers of understanding."—New York Sun.

The Letter's Condition.

Employer—What do you mean by letting that letter blow out of the window? You must be drunk.

Clerk—No, sir; I am not drunk, but I regret to say that the letter is three sheets in the wind.—Boston Courier.

Treacle.

The word treacle has undergone an odd modification. At first it was applied to such decoctions of roots or other substances as were deemed beneficial in medical practice. Then, as these were frequently sweetened, it came to mean any sweet concoction or confection, and lastly, as molasses was the sweetest of all, this name was exclusively applied to sirup.

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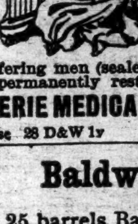

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June 8 1m

IT

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In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville.........Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville......Lv	9 55
5 2.	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Nov. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 2.17 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.18 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 a m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.18 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.02 a m, Magnolia 8.17 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m, arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 7 a m and 3.30 p m; returning leave Clinton at 11.10 a m. and 8.50 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 02 p m, arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.57 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, *6 45 a m, Darlington 7.20 a m, *7 30 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, *7 55 a m, 5 p m, 6 45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.02 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 25 a m, arrives Sumter †8 55 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 a m, arrives Darlington †7 15 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf.

The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The watch-word of THE STATE will be steadfast support of the Democratic Party and its well-established principles, and White Supremacy and intelligent and honest administration of public affairs in North Carolina.

THE STATE will advocate Bimetallism, the industrial development of North Carolina and the extension of popular education.

Subscription Price $1 25
Clubs of Five 5 00
Clubs of Twelve 10 00

A copy of the paper, when issued, will probably be seen at your postoffice.

Your subscription is solicited.

I will be glad to send you the first number. Start now.

S. A. ASHE, Editor, Raleigh, N. C.

oct 18 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT NOV. 3, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 23 a m
4 23 "	Ar ... Fayetteville ... Lv	10 55 "
4 39 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 38 a m	Lv...... Climax......Lv	2 20 "
1 13 "	Lv..... Greensboro.....Ar	2 48 "
12 58 "	Ar..... Greensboro.....Lv	2 55 "
12 13 a m	Lv..... Stokesdale.... Lv	3 40 "
11 45 "	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 07 "
11 38 "	Ar... Walnut Cove... Lv	4 08 "
11 10 "	Lv..... Rural Hall.... Lv	4 42 "
9 45 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 10 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 25 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar...... Maxton.... Lv	9 29 "
5 42 "	Lv.... Red Springs.... Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 23 "	Lv.... Fayetteville... Ar	10 55 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	Ar.... Ramseur.... Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	8 35 "
3 00 "	Lv.... Greensboro... Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 11 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 35 p
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 25 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

nov 3 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No 403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 18	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43	......
Leave Charlotte			10 48	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No 402 Daily	
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.	
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25	
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58	
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55	
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20	
Leaxe Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20	
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10	
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54	
		A. M.		
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34	
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30		
Leave Maxton	9 28	8 30		
	P. M.			
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05		

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 26 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North, South, East and West.

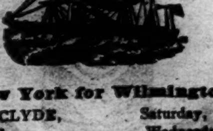
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday, Nov. 16
CROATAN, Wednesday, Nov. 20
ONEIDA, Saturday, Nov. 23

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Saturday, Nov. 16
GEO. W. CLYDE, Tuesday, Nov. 19

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, Nov. 19
CROATAN, Monday, Nov. 25

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. nov 19 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, Nov. 21, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

Manchester Markets—New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANCHESTER, Nov. 20.—The *Guardian*, in its commercial article, says: The movement of cloth has been slow and prices show signs of yielding in sympathy with the weakness of cotton. Inquiries of low offers are reported, but the limits are rarely acceptable even by needy manufacturers. Workable China offers are scanty and the India inquiry has been restricted. Occasionally small lots have been placed. The demand from the lesser foreign markets has been weak. Fancy cloths are well engaged, but orders for plain staples are needed. For prints there has been small demand at poor prices. There has been poor demand for yearns and the lowest prices of the week have been accepted in order to secure business.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell four to six points, but recovered this and advanced six points, after which there was some reaction, but the close was steady at a net rise for the day of four points, with sales of 236,000 bales. Liverpool advanced two and one-half points and closed very steady with sales of 12 000 bales on the spot to-day and 18,000 yesterday at unchanged prices. New Orleans declined six to seven points but recovered this and advanced five to six, after which some of the improvement on January was lost, leaving that month three points higher. Spot cotton declined 1-16c; at Mobile; other spot markets were unchanged. New York sold 20 bales for spinning and 700 were delivered on contract. New Orleans sold 5,000 bales, Mobile 1,300, Augusta 803 and Savannah 772. Port receipts 36,322 bales, against 33,100 last week, 48,769 last year and 39,107 in 1893; thus far this week 147,787, against 149,855 thus far last week. New Orleans expects to morrow 6,000 bales, possibly 9,000, against 9,293 last week, 13 698 last year and 10,875 in 1893. In Manchester yarns were dull; cloth quiet. Augusta received to-day 989 bales against 1,000 last week and 869 last year; Memphis 3,839 against 3 131 last week and 5 174 last year. Houston 5 809 against 7 841 last week and 11 000 last year; St. Louis 1,911, against 1,263 last week and 1,890 last year; Cincinnati 2,007 against 3,117 last week and 3,414 last year. Houston expects to-morrow 6 to 7 000 against 9,833 last year. Houston shipped 13,858, St. Louis 4,246 and Memphis 557. Exports from the port 28 300; total in two days 71 200.

The New York warehouse stock is now 126 000 against 65 000, 133,000, 276,000, 207 000 and 40 000 in previous five years.

To day's features: A good many were disappointed at the Liverpool news to-day for a decided advance had been expected in that market and accordingly New York prices at first took a downward course. But later on a bullish tide set in and easily carried the market upward, owing mainly to the buying by German houses here for short account and the impression that this element in the market now favors the bull side for at least a turn, the reason being that the crop movement is much smaller than the believers in lower prices have been expecting. The arrivals at the ports and interior towns to-day were moderate, the estimated receipts to-morrow at both New Orleans and Houston are small, the exports are large, the spot markets are active in this country, and in England there is a growing belief that Continental spinners have contracted for goods far in excess of their supplies of raw cotton. On the rise to-day there was more or less liquidation for New York and New Orleans account, but the tone was more hopeful than perhaps at any time for several weeks past.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

December Wheat Closed a Shade Lower—May Corn and Oats Lower with January Pork and Ribs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 20.—An unconfirmed rumor of the death of the Sultan of Turkey, which obtained broad circulation yesterday afternoon, was the means of advancing wheat on the curb, and with the gain which was then secured still adhering to prices this morning. Wall street was said to be a good seller, but taking the entire day's business into consideration, the trade was far below the ordinary day's transactions. December wheat opened from 57½c to 57⅝c, declined to 57¼c, closing at 57¼c, a shade lower than yesterday. Cash wheat was quiet and steady.

Corn showed fluctuations showing ¼c but the bulk of the trading was at one quotation. Weakness was the predominating tone. Orders either to buy or sell were something of a curiosity and a trader who had one was quite an important person. The feeling of wheat extended to corn and ruled the action of prices May corn opened at 29¾, sold at 29¼, where it closed, ½c under yesterday. Cash corn was quiet and unchanged.

About noon there was quite a gathering in the oats pit and from a distance it looked like an excited market but upon a near approach it was evident that there was more noise than business. May was freely offered at 20½@20⅝ with 20¼ bid; but trades were few. May oats closed a shade under yesterday.

Provisions—By way of a change from the inactivity of the provision market there was rather a lively time during a portion of the morning. Hogs were quoted firmer, but products derived no benefit from that direction. At the close January pork was 7½c lower; January lard 2½c lower; January ribs 5c lower.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

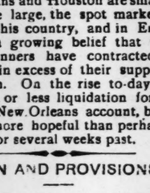
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 20.—Spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 27⅝@28c. Rosin dull and steady; strained common to good $1 70@1 75.

CHARLESTON, November 20.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35c; receipts 29 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 80, receipts 137 barrels.

SAVANNAH, November 20.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c, with sales of 1,200 casks; receipts 1,179 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 3 000 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

A LARGE DELEGATION FROM NEW YORK CITY.

Headed by Mayor Strong—Merchants and Other Business Men—A Military Escort Will Attend the Party.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Special arrangements have been made by the railways running south to carry what is expected will be the largest delegation from this city that has visited the South. The special train which will carry Mayor Strong and his party to Atlanta will leave at 2 p. m. to-morrow via the Pennsylvania Railroad, Southern Railway and Piedmont Air Line. Troop A will act as escort to the mayor and will go on this train. Members of the Board of Aldermen and many city officials are also going. A special rate of $30.50 for the round trip has been made for Nov. 21st, 23d, and 23rd, and extra cars will be attached to all through trains running south on those days. About 400 business men will go in the party, including representatives of all the larger dry goods and other merchant houses. The excursionists will arrive in Atlanta on Friday, at 8 p. m. Saturday will be celebrated as Brooklyn day. The mayor will stop at the hotel Arogon and on Monday will be escorted by squadron A to the New York State building, where the exercises of Manhattan day will be opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. J. W. Brown, of St. Thomas' Church of this city. Seth Low, will deliver the oration, after which the mayor will hold a reception and later inspect the Fair grounds. In the evening a grand reception will be tendered by the New York delegation to the merchants and their wives, of Atlanta, at the Hotel Kimball.

Gov. Morton was invited to visit the Exposition with the New York delegation, but he declined, stating that business detained him.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Treasury Gold Reserve—Cruiser Minneapolis, the Fastest Vessel in the United States Navy, Ordered to Smyrna to Assist in Protecting American Missionaries

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Treasury gold reserve stands to-day with all gold withdrawals of the past few days deducted at $86,803,594. Since July 13th, when the gold exports were resumed which have continued with slight cessation since that date, $37,500,000 in gold has been withdrawn from the United States for export to Europe.

Secretary Carlisle who is now in New York, it is understood, will confer with New York financiers as to replenishing the gold reserve if it falls below the point of confidence. Whether the means of building up the gold reserve will take the form of a new bond issue or not is known only to the President and Secretary Carlisle and neither of these high officials is accustomed to make public his plans in advance of action.

As a result of a consideration of the Turkish situation at yesterday's Cabinet meeting, the cruiser Minneapolis was today given orders to take on coal and other stores without delay and sail for the European naval station. Her destination is Smyrna, Asia Minor, and her duty will be to assist the flagship San Francisco and the cruiser Marblehead in protecting the interest of American missionaries and citizens of the United States. It was stated authoritatively today that there were no new developments in the Armenian situation involving this Government, but from the general aspect of the present state of affairs, it was deemed best to dispatch another U. S war vessel.

The action of the Administration with regard to the Minneapolis was brought about through numerous appeals from missionary organizations and prominent men in this country to increase the United States naval force on the coast of Asia Minor. Scores of letters have been received by the State Department, representing that the lives and property of American missionaries were in jeopardy. The last few days have witnessed an increase in these communications and the order issued to day was the result. The commander of the Minneapolis is Capt. G. H. Wadleigh. The vessel is now at Norfolk, where she will take 600 tons of coal on board and then proceed to Hampton Roads to secure the 900 additional tons necessary to fill her bunkers. With this amount of fuel the Minneapolis would be able to proceed direct to Smyrna without stopping, but she will break the long voyage at Gibraltar to replenish her stores. The Minneapolis is the fastest vessel in the United States navy.

A MISSING DEFAULTER.

No Clue to the Whereabouts of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Citizens' Trust Company of Philadelphia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELBHIA, Nov. 20.—There is no clue to the whereabouts of Daniel H. Brenizer, secretary and treasurer of the Citizens' Trust Company, whose disappearance after having embezzled $35 000 of trust securities was announced to-day. Of the amount misappropriated the officers of the Trust Company expect to recover $15,000, thus leaving an actual loss of $10,000. The absconding secretary and treasurer had been connected with the Citizens' Trust Company since its organization, six years ago, he having first been appointed paying teller. His faithful services were recognized two years later by an increase in salary and subsequently he was promoted to the posion of secretary and treasurer at a salary of $1,800 per annum. During his connection with the company Brenizer was considered by his superior officers to be possessed of every virtue and his judgment was frequently consulted in the matter of investments. About a month ago he was married. He announced that out of his salary he had saved sufficient to purchase and furnish a residence in Germantown, a suburb to Philadelphia, but it is now believed that a portion of his stealings were thus applied.

Brenizer left the company's office last Thursday and since then nothing has been heard of him. Speculation in stocks is given as the cause for the peculations. He is said to have recently lost $10,000 in one deal. The stealing is suppose to have begun not over two months ago. The young wife of the defaulter is prostrated.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Its General Tone Without Change in Any Direction.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20—The weather to-day has been unfavorable and the dry goods district has presented a very dull appearance. The demand for cotton dress fabrics for Spring and for new heavy weight overcoats and staple suitings has reached a fair volume. The general tone of the primary market is without material change in any direction. Cotton dress fabrics generally firm in both dark work and new season's lines | In new heavy weight woollens and worsteds opening prices are steadily maintained.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant favor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle on hand.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

ADVICES REPORTING THE SAFETY OF AMERICAN MISSIONARIES.

Famine Threatened in Armenia—Reply of the Russian Ambassador to an Appeal of Armenian Catholics—Queen Victoria Sends a Letter to the Sultan of Turkey.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTATINOPLE, November 20.—Advices from Aleppo are that all Americans at Aintab, Marash, Orfah and Mardin are safe. The missionaries at Kharput are leaving and returning temporarily to Constantinople.

The Armenian provincial refugees here have petitioned the Patriarch to avert a famine in their country and ask him to appeal to Europe. It is stated that the Ministers refuse to receive the Patriarch unless he publishes an encyclical, calling on all Armenians to maintain order and condemning their intrigues and demands on the Turkish Government. The Patriarch's position is becoming extremely difficult. He has again appealed to the embassies, informing them of various massacres and asking their good offices to put an end to the situation. The officials insist that the Armenian journals here shall publish articles approving the government policy and condemning the Armenians. Several Armenian prisoners who have been released for lack of evidence upon which to convict them, declare that they were beaten daily in prison to compel them to reveal the plans of the Armenian committee. None yielded. M. Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador here, has replied to the recent appeal of the Armenian Catholics at Tiflis. He refers to the conflicts in the provinces, which, he says, were unfortunately in most cases, caused by Armenians who had been instigated by their revolutionary committee. The result was a terrible revenge on the part of the Turks in the form of a horrible massacre on the Christians. The Sultan has sanctioned the scheme of reforms prepared by the Powers and is proceeding to effect them. To this end it is necessary for the leaders of the people to persuade the latter to desist from revolutionary attempts, abandon idle hope of foreign intervention, stop all disturbances and co-operate in the restoration of peace.

LONDON, November 20.—The *News* to-morrow will say that Sir Philip Currie, British Ambassador to Turkey, takes back with him to Constantinople a letter from Queen Victoria to the Sultan of Turkey.

ROME, November 20.—The Italian squadron has arrived at Smyrna.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 20.—Five ambassadors and M. Herbert, Secretary of the British Legation, met at the French Embassy on November 18th and discussed the supplementary measures for the restoring of order in Anatolia to be submitted to the Porte. It is understood that common action to protect foreigners is pending.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Prime Minister Salisbury to-day received at the foreign office, U. S. Ambassador Bayard and the Ambassador, of all the great Powers.

The *Chronicle* to-morrow will refer to this as a meeting of the Ambassadors and will remark that it is more important than usual. Mr. Bayard has not been at the Foreign Office for many months and the *Chronicle* says it is believed that his presence to day points a desire on the part of the United States to join the European concert.

S. C. CONVENTION.

Article on Counties and County Government Passed to a Third Reading—Other Matters Considered

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 20.—The Constitutional Convention this morning had under consideration a proposition to take recess to go to Atlanta next Wednesday—South Carolina day. This was voted down. Then a resolution was adopted appointing a steering committe to arrange for comp'eting the work of the Convention as soon as practicable.

The article on new counties and county goverment was taken up and several sections passed their third reading. Many amendments were proposed and voted down and thus far the article stands unchanged.

At the night session the balance of the article on counties and county government was passed to its third reading. Efforts were made to get in some changes that would affect the formation of new counties, but after much debate, the remaining sections of the article were adopted without change.

The ordinance to fix the age of consent at 16 years was amended so as to make it read 14 instead of 16 and then adopted.

There was a big kick against submitting to the report of the steering committee which was presented to-night, providing a specified time for the consideration of every matter still outstanding; for three daily sessions from now on, and for a final adjournment on Tuesday next. The fight over the report lasted for about two hours, and ended in the adoption of the main features of the report.

To-morrow morning the Convention takes up the homestead matter. The present purpose is to try to finish in time to get to the Atlanta Exposition on Carolina Day.

ELECTRICAL PROPULSION

To be Generated by Niagara Falls for the Erie Canal.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Information has been received here of a contract for the equipment of the Erie canal with electrical propulsion. It is understood that the Erie Canal Traction Company has entered into a contract with the Erie Construction Company to install a system for canal boat propulsion from Buffalo to Albany at an expense of $3,250.000 and that work will proceed as the work upon the canal enlargement progresses. The electric power to be introduced will be generated at the falls of Niagara.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Two Colored Children Lose their Lives in a Fire at Williamston, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, November 20.—At Williamston last night two wooden buildings occupied by a colored man as a store and residence were burned. Two children in one of the buildings were burned to death. The man with his wife and one child barely escaped. The other two children upstairs were entirely cut off by the flames and nothing could save them.

At special master's sale of the Port Royal & Western North Carolina Railway, which took place at Greenwood, S. C., yesterday, the entire property was knocked down to A. R. Hutchison, representing Messrs. Samuel Thomas and Thomas Ryan, of New York, for $3,650,000. Mr. Hutchinson was the only bidder.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

TRAIN-WRECKERS.

Stories Told by the Boys Who Caused the Disaster on the New York Central Railroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROME, N. Y., November 20.—At the coroner's inquest over the bodies of Engineer Hagen, of Albany, and "Billy" Bond, of Syracuse, who were killed in the railroad wreck here, there was no important testimony except by Miss Celia Perrin, a young lady with whom Hildreth, the leader of the gang of boy-wreckers, was very friendly. She testified that Hildreth came to her house yesterday morning and told her about how they had wrecked the train. Hildreth told Miss Perrin that they turned the rails that were loosened so that the train would go into the ditch. The coroner's jury was adjourned until this evening.

The four boys who are charged with committing the crime have all confessed except Bristol, who refuses to say anything. The evidence of the others, however, implicates him, and makes him and Hildreth the leaders of the gang. The boys had revolvers, which they said they threw away in the woods.

The boys had all been reading sensational novels. They frequented Hildreth's room at the Temperance Hotel, where they played cards and had boxing bouts. About three weeks ago they went to Utica. There Hildreth, who already owned a revolver, purchased two more. The boys rode home in a box car and planned the wreck. They thought they would get about $80,000 from the dead or dying passengers. They matured their plans and not until the rails were loosened and the train was nearing the fatal spot did they seem to hesitate. "Then," says Hildreth, "we were on pins and needles and wished those rails were back in their place. We stood on the north side of the track with our revolvers in our hands, ready to rush in among the people. When we heard the crash and the cries of the people we ran away through the woods. We were throughly scared and realized what we had done. We had not gone far before we decided to throw away our revolvers because we were afraid if they were found on us we would be suspected. Hildreth lost his hat but did not stop to get it."

The loss of this hat was what led to the speedy arrest of the boys. The boys do not seem to feel any severe pangs of remorse. There is no danger that any of those injured in the wreck will die. Fireman Wagner who is in the hospital at Oneida is improving and John Macey, of Syracuse, whose leg was taken off, is doing well at the hospital in this city.

CORDON AROUND CUBA.

Spanish Men-of-War Prepared to Give Filibusters a Warm Reception.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 20.—The double cordon of Spanish men-of-war around Cuba, the special system planned by Admiral Berenger, Minister of the Navy, is reported in full working order and very efficient. The testimony to this effect comes from a wholly reliable and independent source, the captain of a British steamer that arrived here yesterday from the Spanish main and the West Indies. On Thursday evening, November 14th, at 7.45 o'clock while en route for this port, and when thirty miles west of Cape Maysi, Cuba, he noticed a powerful searchlight playing in shore on the Cuban coast. Suddenly, two lights appeared, gleaming from the topmasthead of a vessel in the offing, evidently a signal to the ship in shore. Soon afterwards the search light from the inshore ship was turned seaward, but for a time failed to reach the British steamer. However, it was repeatedly flashed towards her and at last a streak of light fell upon the ship. After apparently satisfying themselves, those in charge of the light turned it inshore again, and the masthead lights in the offing disappeared. Later, as the steamer was proceeding on her course, she passed a vessel displaying two similar white lights from her topmasthead. She was then about three miles north of Cape Maysi.

Some time ago Admiral Berenger said that as soon as he had enough fuil powered men of-war he would establish a double cordon around Cuba, the ships to steam in an inner and outer circle around the Cuban litteral. Under this system the British captain before mentioned believes that filibusters will meet a warm reception.

SPANIARDS DEFEATED

In a Battle With the Insurgents in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

JACKSONVILLE FLA., Nov. 20.—A cablegram to the *Times Union* from Key West, Fla., says: Passengers by the Olivette to-night report that Gen. Antonio Maceo, with 1,800 men, had a battle with Gen. Navarro, on the 17th near Santa Clara which lasted seventeen hours. The Spanish were defeated with a loss of 560 killed and wounded. Gen. Navarro, having been wounded, narrowly escaped being captured. The insurgents loss is said to be very small

Advices also state that yesterday Gen. Maximo Gomez fought a battle with Gen. Suarez Valdez in the Santa Clara province. The battle lasted for several hours, the insurgents finally defeating the troops, seriously wounding Gen. Waldez and killing Col. Aldrave. Full particulars of the battle were not known on the departure of the steamer from Havana to-day.

WARM WIRELETS.

Wm. H. Crossman & Bro., of New York, will ship $2,000,000 in gold to Europe to-morrow on the steamship Fuerst Bismarck.

Owing to no quorum being present, the meeting of the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac stockholders was adjourned yesterday until next Wednesday.

A Louisville, Ky., dispatch says the Court of Appeals has sustained the law imposing a two per cent. tax on the earnings of foreign building and loan associations.

A dozen generals and other officers who wore the blue left Chicago for the South yesterday to meet representatives from leaders of the gray to arrange details for asking Congress to make the battlefield of Vicksburg a national park.

Jno. R. Bartlett, president of the Nicaragua Canal Co., accompanied by the Hon. S. M. Weed, sailed for Europe yesterday in response to cables received by them from parties in London regarding pending financial negotiations.

A fire raged yesterday in the business portion of Madisonville, Ky. The city hall, Jones' hotel, a large building owned and occupied by the Renecke Coal Co., and ten stores were destroyed. The loss will aggregate about $80,000: insurance $30,000.

John Montgomery, his wife and D. R. McKeecher were murdered on a farm near Brownville, Oregon, yesterday. The victims were all shot with a rifle. The motive for the crime is not known. The murderers will probably be lynched if apprehended.

The appraisers for the assignee of Bamberg, Bloom & Co., wholesale dry goods, who failed in Louisville, Ky., recently, have completed their work. The assets are fixed at $858 988; liabilities $1,215 403, of which $715,977 is owed to Eastern creditors.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Figs feet cheaper than you can buy them anywhere else in the city. Best Sweet Potatoes 15c per peck, delivered anywhere in the city. Neill McKlenon, No. 3 South Water street. c31

Wanted—Several houses to rent for $8, $10, $12.5', $15 and $ 0 per month. I have several customers W. M Cumming. we fr sa nov 20 3.*

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating Tradesecrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. nov 19 tf

Wanted—Young Man of good reference to canvass city trade. Must be a good writer. No experience needed in canvassing. Address all city communications to H. L., care STAR office, with stamp and reference inclosed. nov 19 1w

Christmas Photographs — Beautiful Carbonettes, no gloss; regular Cabisto Photos, high gloss. No extra charge for resittings if you are not suited the first time Your patronage solicited and appreciated. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. nov 17 tf

Finest Oysters of the season can be had at the French Cafe on Princess street, between Front and Second, served in any style wanted, by A. P. Levy, proprietor. Call and see me for fine Wines, Whiskies, &c. nov 14 tf

For Rent—A new and nice home with modern improvements, in beautiful part of the city. Possession first of December. W. I. Gore. nov 14 1w

Wanted—Salesman to sell a complete line of Lubricating Oils and Greases. Liberal terms to good salesmen. Garland Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. nov 12 6t

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where the will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices,

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 26 tf

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Graduate in Pharmacy.

Prescription Specialist,

Foreign and Domestic.

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

HARMAN'S PRESCRIPTION BOOKS nov 20 tf

TRUTH.

We are doing more business for the Cash than any Dry Goods Store in the city. The truth of the facts, are, we Sell Goods Cheaper than anybody else. We are pushing Cloaks, Capes and Jackets and also Millinery and Dress Goods. Our line of Capes in light weight Saxony Wool, with Fine Fringe at 50c each. A special job in Beaver Capes at $1.98, in better Beaver Capes, nicely braided at $2.75; in Red Plush at $5 00 and 10.00 each; in Fine Fur Capes from $4.00 up to 5.00, and 7.50 up to 35.00 each. We are rushing Clothing and Overcoats. A Good Wool Suit from $3.75, 4 90, 5.50, 6 50, 7.50, 7.98, 10.00 and 12.50 a suit. We have fully one hundred styles to select from in Beaver Overcoats. Long, new style coats with Velvet Collars, well made and well finished at $5 50. In black the same Coats at $6.95. These coats are worth $13.50 each. A fine line of Youths' Suits at $3.00, 4.00 and 5 00 a suit. Youths' Overcoats from $2.00 to 4.50. Eight thousand pairs of Shoes of all kinds—for ladies, children, babies and men. We can suit you and save you money. A new lot of fine Tam O'Shanter Caps with fine gold bands at 50c each—the nicest lot of Caps in the city. Are you in need of Dress Goods of any style? We have Fine Patterns from $5 00 to 9.50. 4-4 inch Serge at 40c a yard. A beautiful line of Plaids at 8, 12½ and 15c a yard; more at 25, 40 and 60c a yard. Come to the Racket Store and get your Goods Cheap. We are at 113 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

nov 17 tf

For Convenience, Security and Profit,

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

CONVENIENCE.—We are centrally located where you can get your money any business day.

SECURITY.—New capital has recently been paid into the Company which makes it the strongest strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina.

PROFIT.—Interest paid on deposits at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Call at the Bank for rules.

If you wish to borrow money on good security, call on the Savings and Trust Company before borrowing elsewhere. We lend at the minimum rates. Security first, rate next.

J. W. NORWOOD, H. WALTERS, G. SLOAN,
President. Vice President. Cashier.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Capital $125,000. Surplus $35,000.

Every reasonable accommodation extended to customers. Loans made in liberal amounts at minimum rates on good security.

nov 7 tf

A Comfortable Shoe

Is a happy combination of fine leather, superiority in manufacture and a perfect fit. You can't be easy unless your feet are. Our "Old Gents' comfort's Shoe" at $3.00 will make you easy and comfortable.

Our Pointed Toe Lace Shoes at $2.50 and $3.00 will give you both style and comfort. Don't fail to see our new "HEALTH AND COMFORT" SHOE with a felt innersole. Try one pair and you'll wear no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 17 tf

The Famous, "Ball Bearing"

BICYCLE SHOES,

From C. H. FARGO & CO.,

Just received and on sale at $3.00 for Men's and $2.50 for Ladies', in both plain and corrugated bottoms. Specialties in

Children's School Shoes,

And Infants' Soft Bottom Shoes. Also full lines of Ladies' and Gents', Misses', Boys' and Men's Fine and Coarse Shoes, at prices to suit these times.

All kinds of Leather. Different grades of Harness and Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Cut Top Lifts, and a full line of

Lasts and Shoe Findings

in general.

Before buying elsewhere please see our stock.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

nov 10 tf

Smoked Herrings.

300 boxes medium scaled Herring.
200 barrels Mullets.
400 bushels Corn.
100 bags Hudnut's Grits.
99 bags Coffee.
150 barrels Sugar.
Also Crackers, Cheese, Peanuts.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122, 124 North Water St.,

nov 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Department

DryGoods

HOUSE

No. 9 North Front St.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

PROPRIETORS,

will open thousands of dollars worth of

Cloaks, Dress Goods and Silks.

This Week.

Our Mr. Polvogt has been scouring the Northern markets this week securing the latest things fashion dictates for feminine wear.

DRESS GOODS,

Novelties in Brocade,

Mohair, Crepons

AND

Cheviot Silks.

Superb assortment in

BLACK BROCADES, CHAMELEON effects, in colors.

Cloaks and Capes,

Bound and Plain Cloths at prices astonishing.

CARPETS and Rugs.

Rich Velvets, Moquettes and Brussels in new patterns. All Carpets made and laid without charge.

Shade Department.

King's Scotch Holland, fine Opaque Shades, made to fit special measurements.

LINENS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Stellon's fine German Bleached Table Damask without dressing appeals to good housewives.

Be sure and pay us a visit. The handsomest Dry Goods House in the State.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

nov 10 tf

Receiver's Sale.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Hansen & Smith et al.,
vs.
Argyle Lumber and Shingle Co.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of above county obtained at September, 1895, term, directed to the undersigned, they will expose for sale at public auction at the Court House door at the town of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, to the highest bidder for cash, on the 19th day of November 7 1895, the following, which comprise all the property of the said defendant company, to-wit:

One Planer, capacity 5 000 a day.
One Saw, circular, 36 inch.
Two Saws, circular, 30 inch.
One Sharpener (Rogers.)
One Shingle Planer (A. & B. Holmes) complete, with counter shaft—6 000 a day.
One Butting Machine.
One Shaft, 15 feet, with Pul'ey.
One Jointer and counter shaft—(H. B. Smith.)
One 8-t Rolling Saws (?), 6 inch.
One shingle Machine (Evart's) capacity 12,000 a day.
One swing cut-off saw, with roller and bench, 32-inch.
One Saw Mill complete, with Carriage and 60-inch Saw, 10,000 a day
One Log Haul up complete, 125 feet chain.
Twenty-six feet shafting.
One Boiler and Engine (40 horse boiler, 20 horse engine)
Two Story Mill Building, 26x40, covered with corrugated iron.
One Shed for storing Lumber and Shingles.
One Office, 10x18, furnished.
One Skidder complete.
Together with Shingles and Logs on hand.

G. B. PATTERSON,
GEO. H. HOWELL,
Receivers.

nov 6 t d s

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

--THE--

Purpose

of This Store,

A. DAVID & Co.,

Is to serve the people of Wilmington with the best service and the best goods for the money that the market affords. It is the principle upon which this Store is founded It is the principle upon which the Store is maintained. To fail to complain of any unsatisfactory purchase is the gravest wrong you can inflict on this Store. Your money back for the asking, applies to out of town as well as town patrons. Out of town patrons write us if any purchase is unsatisfactory, and you'll get your money back by return mail, by telegraph if you say so. But give us the chance and we'll prove that we are selling to please. To better this Store, to make it perfect is our desire.

Children's Department

contains many new and original ideas in

Reefer Suits and Reefer Overcoats.

Men's Sack & Frock Suits

made to fit the smallest to the largest, and from the tallest to the stoutest.

A. DAVID & CO.,

FRONT AND PRINCESS ST.

nov 1 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties.

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

Seasonable Goods,

Such as Butter, Cheese, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies, &c., &c., are being received daily.

Our Albion Patent Flour is a trade winner. Call or write for prices.

A small lot of 6 inch Shingles at less than dealers' prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets

nov 12 D&W tf

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

Boston, Mass.

nov 16 6m Office and Warehouse 50 Central Wharf.